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Southern News Group

U.S. manufacturing contracts; private payrolls post first drop since 2017



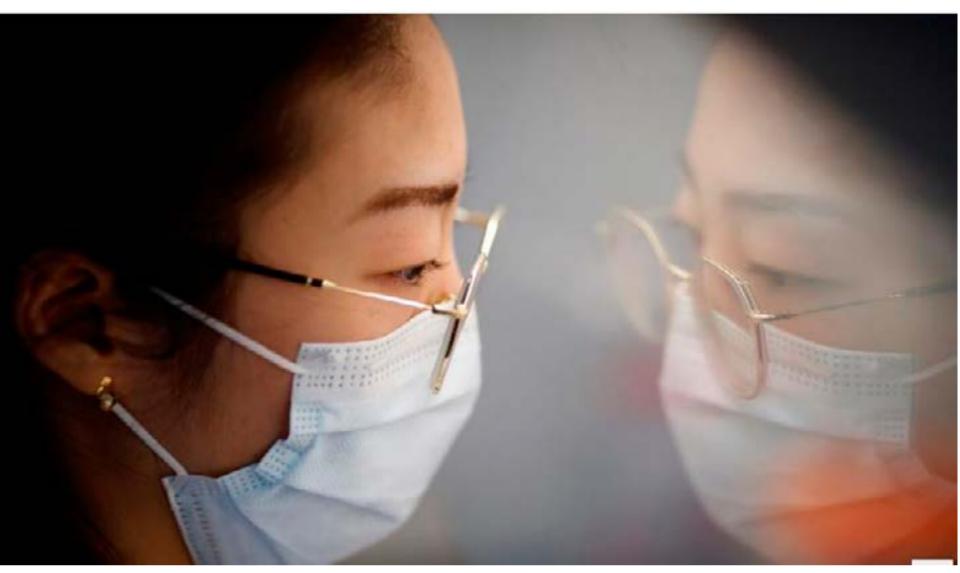
Inside C2

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Chinese scientists seeking potential COVID-19 treatment find 'effective' antibodies



A scientist works in the lab of Linqi Zhang on research into novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) antibodies for possible use in a drug at Tsinghua University's Research Center for Public Health in Beijing, China, March 30, 2020. REUTERS/Thomas Peter

BEIJING (Reuters) - A team of Chinese scientists has isolated several antibodies that it says are "extremely effective" at blocking the ability of the new coronavirus to enter cells, which eventually could be helpful in treating or preventing COVID-19.

There is currently no proven effective treatment for the disease, which originated in China and is spreading across the world in a pandemic that has infected more than 850,000 and killed 42,000.

Zhang Linqi at Tsinghua University in Beijing said a drug made with antibodies like the ones his team have found could be used more effectively than the current approaches, including what he called "borderline" treatment such as plasma.

Plasma contains antibodies but is restricted by blood type. In early January, Zhang's team and a group at the 3rd People's Hospital in Shenzhen began analysing antibodies from blood taken from recovered COVID-19 patients, isolating 206 monoclonal antibodies which showed what he described as a "strong" ability to bind with the virus' proteins.

They then conducted another test to see if they could actually prevent the virus from entering cells, he told Reuters in an interview.

A scientist works in the lab of Linqi Zhang on research

into novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) antibodies for possible use in a drug at Tsinghua University's Research Center for Public Health in Beijing, China, March 30, 2020. REUTERS/Thomas Peter

Among the first 20 or so antibodies tested, four were able to block viral entry and of those, two were "exceedingly good" at doing so, Zhang said.

The team is now focused on identifying the most powerful antibodies and possibly combining them to mitigate the risk of the new coronavirus mutating.

If all goes well, interested developers could mass produce them for testing, first on animals and eventually on humans.

The group has partnered with a Sino-U.S. biotech firm, Brii Biosciences, in an effort "to advance multiple candidates for prophylactic and therapeutic intervention", according to a statement by Brii.

"The importance of antibodies has been proven in the world of medicine for decades now," Zhang said. "They can be used to treat cancer, autoimmune diseases and infectious diseases."

The antibodies are not a vaccine but could potentially be given to at-risk people with the aim of preventing them from contracting COVID-19.

Normally it takes around two years for a drug even to get close to approval for use on patients, but the COVID-19 pandemic

means things are moving faster, he said, with steps that would previously be taken sequentially now being done in parallel.

Zhang, who posted the findings online, hopes the antibodies can be tested on humans in six months. If they are found to be effective in trials, actual use for treatment would take longer.

Other experts urge caution.

"There's a number of steps which will now need to be followed before it could be used as a treatment for coronavirus patients," Hong Kong University infectious disease specialist Ben Cowling said when the finding was described to him by Reuters.

"But it's really exciting to find these potential treatments, and then have a chance to test them out. Because if we can find more candidates, then eventually we'll have better treatment," Cowling said.



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LOCAL NEWS

U.S. manufacturing contracts; private payrolls post first drop since

WASHINGTON (Reuters) - U.S. manufacturing activity contracted less than expected in March, but disruptions caused by the coronavirus pandemic pushed new orders received by factories to an 11-year low, reinforcing economists' views that the economy was in recession.

The economy's outlook was further dimmed by other data on Wednesday showing private payrolls dropped last month for the first time in 2-1/2 years as businesses shut down in compliance with strict measures to contain the highly contagious virus.

The grim economic picture has forced the Federal Reserve to take extraordinary measures, and President Donald Trump last Friday signed a \$2.2 trillion stimulus package.

"Manufacturing is back in recession, joining the rest of the economy," said Chris Rupkey, chief economist at MUFG in New York. "With only a few actual data points so far, the results indicate this is looking more like a depression than a garden-variety recession."

The Institute for Supply Management (ISM) said its index of national factory activity fell to a reading of 49.1 last month from 50.1 in February. A reading below 50 indicates contraction in the manufacturing sector, which accounts for 11% of the U.S. economy. Economists polled by Reuters had forecast the index would drop to 45.0 in March.

The smaller-than-expected drop in the ISM index reflected a jump in the survey's measure of supplier deliveries to a reading of 65.0 this month from 57.3 in February. A lengthening in suppliers' delivery times is normally associated with increased activity, which would be a positive contribution to the index. But in this case slower supplier deliveries indicate supply shortages related to the coronavirus pandemic and not stronger demand.



FILE PHOTO: A production line employee works at the AMES Companies shovel manufacturing factory in Camp Hill, Pennsylvania, U.S. on June 29, 2017. REUTERS/Tim Aeppel/File Photo

The ISM said comments from manufacturers "were negative regarding the near-term outlook, with sentiment clearly impacted by the coronavirus pandemic and energy market volatility."

More than 80% of Americans are under some form of lockdown as states and local governments try to contain the spread of the virus, bringing the nation to an abrupt stop. The United States has the highest number of

confirmed cases of COVID-19, the respiratory illness caused by the virus, with nearly 188,000 people infected. Almost 4,000 people in the country have died from the illness, according to a Reuters

As well as causing disruptions in supply chains, the pandemic has shut down demand, with the transportation industry almost crawling to a halt, and restaurants, bars and other social venues shutting.

Those business closures resulted in private payrolls falling by 27,000 jobs last month, the first decline since September 2017, the ADP National Employment Report showed separately on Wednesday. Private payrolls advanced by an unrevised 183,000 in February. The payrolls drop in March was concentrated among small businesses, while larger companies added workers.

Work safe!

Stay home!

BUSINESS

Medical-Waste Processors Are Handling More Masks And Gowns. and deployed 46 mobile treatment facil-While Collectors Worry About Infected Recycling And Garbage

Medical-Waste Companies Prepare For Huge Increases In Volumes As **Coronavirus Activity Accelerates**



A worker sifts through a mountain of medical waste. China has also seen staggering amounts of medical waste. It is unclear if U.S. impacts might be similar, but U.S. companies are closely monitoring new developments and seeking new guidelines from the federal government.

Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, Southern Daily Editor

The coronavirus pandemic poses a new threat to the people who handle the medical garbage after hospitals and medical facilities are done with it - tens of thousands of medical waste workers. An influx in coronavirus-contaminated trash has industry leaders concerned about increased risks to their workers and the public.

Usually, the industry sterilizes medical waste by burning it, dousing it with hot steam, or chemically disinfecting it before it's taken to a landfill, an industry spokesman said. In Southern California, the waste management industry runs trash through 300-degree steam and puts 50 pounds per square inch of pressure on it, effectively killing COVID-19, according to the Los Angeles Times.

Industry leaders worry though that if coronavirus continues to spread as

quickly as it is now, "networks of hospitals, waste haulers and treatment centers could be overburdened by a surge of regulated medical waste — masks, gloves, booties, bed linens, cups, plates, towels, packaging and disposable medical equipment," the LA Times said. That surge in contaminated trash threatens the health of disposal workers, according to the Times.



China, where the coronavirus first emerged, built a new medical waste plant ities to respond to the increased amount of medical waste, an industry spokeman said. Hospitals generated six times as much medical waste at the peak of the outbreak than before, amounting to over 204 metric tons of trash.

The United States is already seeing an uptick in the amount of waste from personal protective equipment (PPE), according to the medical waste company Stericycle. Some things that normally aren't considered medical waste, like food, need to be handled more carefully after coming in contact with a coronavirus patient, Stericycle said.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) said on its website that medical waste from the coronavirus pandemic can be treated the same as regular medical waste, although regulations are governed by state health and environmental departments, as well as by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration and the Department of Transportation, The Verge said. Despite what the CDC says, medical waste industry leaders say the flood of trash could result in infections among their workers, according to the LA Times.



The industry is preparing for the surge by requesting the relaxation of state and federal rules governing infectious and biological waste, the Times said. The National Waste and Recycling Association, which represents more than 700 firms nationwide, "is asking for extensions on renewals of expired commercial driver's licenses, greater leeway on the amount of medical waste that can be stored at treatment facilities and more flexible 'hours of service' rules to provide more time to

Times reported. If garbage is bagged correctly and workers are wearing PPE, especially gloves, the risk of catching the virus is slim, David Biderman, CEO of the Solid Waste Association of North



"From a waste perspective, the biggest question is what will be happening with the guidance associated with medical waste coming out of health care facilities," said Elise Paeffgen, a partner with the firm Alston & Bird, who specializes in health care and environmental regulatory issues.

Several companies told the media on Monday the situation was changing almost on an hourly basis. And even as they follow regulatory updates and guidance, they remain unsure about how waste volumes and operations will ultimately be shaped by the days, weeks and potentially months

In China, the coronavirus — which causes the disease COVID-19 — has left the country dealing with mountains of medical waste. The South China Morning Post has reported 28 cities are struggling to manage it, including Wuhan, the first area majorly impacted by the crisis. That city is producing more than six times its usual amount of medical waste, per the Post's reporting, and medical waste treatment facilities in all the affected cities are working at their full capacity. During the height of the outbreak in Wuhan, the city was dealing with 240 tons of medical waste per day, versus 40 tons prior to that.



Paeffgen told the media it is unclear if the situation in China would be repeated in the United States, but she pointed to industry movements as an indicator the sector is preparing for a potential onslaught. The National Waste and Recycling Association (NWRA) has asked Congress and the Trump administration to include the industry in its national emergency declaration, specifically to exempt medical waste haulers from Hours of Service (HOS) regulations. (Courtesy https://www.thenewstribune. com/ and https://www.wastedive.com/



Every 8 minutes, we respond to a disaster.

Your donation can help impact lives.



American Red Cross

HELP NOW

redcross.org

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Editor's Choice



FILE PHOTO: Cyclists ride through a nearly empty Times Square during the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in New York



U.S. Army National Guard personnel unload boxes of preferred meals to distribute free to residents in the East Harlem section of Manhattan during the outbreak of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in New York City, New York, U.S., April 1, 2020. REUTERS/Brendan Mcdermid



Spanish wedding dress designer Inma Garcia and her brother Marti work inside their workshop to make a bridal gown for a Mexican client, during the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak, in Barcelona, Spain March 27, 2020. Picture taken March 27, 2020. REUTERS/Nacho Doce



FILE PHOTO: FILE PHOTO: Protesters are seen at Amazon building in the Staten Island borough of New York City, U.S., March 30, 2020.



Lorna Bee dances beside Albert Bridge as she enjoys her daily exercise in Battersea Park in London, as the spread of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) continues, London, Britain, April 1, 2020. REUTERS/Dylan Martinez



A U.S. Army National Guard member rests on boxes of preferred meals that were being distributed free to residents in the East Harlem section of Manhattan during the outbreak of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in New York City, New York, U.S., April 1, 2020. REUTERS/Brendan Mc-



Members of medical personnel test a person for the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) at the testing site of the Erasme Hospital in Brussels, Belgium, March 30, 2020. REUTERS/Yves Herman - RC-2FUF97ROL6/File Phot



Maxime Damecour (R) and Jordan Bowden produce laser-cut face shields for medical workers treating coronavirus disease (COVID-19) at Robocut Studio in Montreal, Quebec, Canada March 28, 2020. Picture taken March 28, 2020. REUTERS/Christinne Muschi

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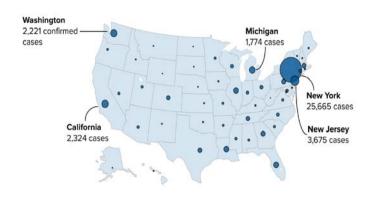
World Coronavirus Updates

UN Warns Of Recession With "No Parallel" To Recent Past

Total Confirmed Cases 838,061 Deaths 41,261 Recoveries174,115

Reported coronavirus cases in the US

As of March 24, 2020



SOURCE: Johns Hopkins University. Data as of March 24, 2020 at 5:30 p.m. ET

Data: The Center for Systems Science and Engineering at Johns Hopkins, the CDC, and China's Health Ministry. Note: China numbers are for the mainland only and U.S. numbers include repatriated citizens and confirmed plus presumptive cases from the CDC.

Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, Southern Daily Editor

The novel coronavirus pandemic is the "greatest test" the world has faced together since the formation of the United Nations just after the Second World War ended in 1945, UN chief António Guterres said Tuesday.

The big picture: COVID-19 cases surged past 859,000 and the death toll exceeded 42,000 early Wednesday, per Johns Hopkins data. Italy reported more than 12,000 deaths.

• Governments around the world have introduced public health and economic measures to try and curb the impact of the virus.

What's happening: Guterres said at the launch of a UN report on the potential socioeconomic impact of COVID-19 that the pandemic could bring a global recession that "probably has no parallel in the recent past."



UN chief António Guterres said Tuesday that we are "at war" with the coronavirus.

· Guterres said "an immediate co-ordinated health response to suppress transmission and end the pandemic" was needed, as he called on industrialised nations to help poorer countries "face the nightmare of the disease spreading like wildfire."

•Hungary's parliament passed a law Monday to allow Prime Minister Viktor Orbán almost unlimited power for an indefinite period to fight the virus.

· Spain and Italy extended lockdown deadlines on Monday, as Italy became the second country in the world to surpass 100,000 confirmed coronavirus cases.

- •The coronavirus is providing cover to autocrats, dictators, and even some democratically-elected leaders who were already looking for reasons to undermine the independent media.
- •India's three-week lockdown is the largest ever attempted, and it sparked South Asia's greatest migration since partition in 1947.
- •Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu's office said Monday he will self-isolate after an aide tested positive for the virus, but later tested negative himself for the disease.



Economic impact: The virus has caused a "global shock" and significant economic pain "seems unavoidable in all countries," the World Bank said in an economic update for East Asia and the Pacific on Monday.

•The World Bank projected growth in China, where the outbreak began, would slow 2.3% in the baseline scenario, or as low as 0.1% in the lower-case scenario. Related

The Best "Worse" Scenarios For The Coronavirus Pandemic

The more we learn about the pandemic, on both the medical and economic sides, the worse the best-case scenarios become.

The best case scenario we're all facing: Tens of thousands of Americans die, we have double-digit unemployment for months, countless businesses die, retirements are wiped out, and the nation is saddled with once unimaginable debt. And this doesn't mention the lost graduations, honeymoons, weddings, and other important missed milestones.



COMMUNITY

Where things stand today: A survey of epidemiology experts, posted by a scholar at UMass Amherst predicted that the number of cases reported by the end of March would most likely fall somewhere between 10,500 and 81,500. The survey was taken last week and we are right now as of this printing, at around 20,000 cases, so the lower end of those estimates is out the window. The same survey anticipates about 200,000 deaths in the U.S. this year, but experts have established a range that stretches from as few as 19,000 deaths to as many as 1.2 million.

- A true best-case scenario would look a lot like the response in places like Singapore and South Korea, which were able to quickly "flatten the curve" and bring the number of new cases under
- But the U.S. simply has not been doing the things that worked in those countries, so whatever our best-case scenario may be, it's not that good. Public health: The optimist's scenario involves a longer outbreak, but with fewer cases at a time:
- We could use some pleasant sur**prises**. Maybe experimental treatments will turn out to work. Maybe warmer weather will suppress the virus' spread more than we expected.



Treatments for coronavirus are underway worldwide.

• Those aren't ridiculous possibilities, but it's a fair amount of wishful thinking

開放紅利加速釋放

when all we have so far is an exponentially growing number of cases, and the certainty that we are under-counting those cases while they spread.

Economic havoc: Even under the optimist's scenario, the fallout for jobs and businesses will long outlast the medical calamity.

• You know things are bad when CNBC reports: "Treasury Secretary Steven Mnuchin promised Wednesday that the U.S. will not have a 20% unemployment rate."

· Goldman Sachs said Sunday that the S&P 500 could hit 2,450 in the next three months. That turned out to be the optimist's scenario. On Friday, the index closed below that level.



U.S. Treasury Secretary Steven Mnuchin.

•Axios Markets Editor Dion Rabouin reports that there's no precedent for this kind of hit to small businesses. So banks have no real way to model it — one reason that many estimates seem too rosy, and that the government may be underestimating the needed size of the fiscal response.

Duration: The stock market plummeted Monday after President Trump said the crisis could last until July or August or longer.

The next day, the N.Y. Times reported on a 103-page HHS response plan, dated three days before Trump spoke, that said the pandemic "will last 18 months or longer" and could include "multiple waves."

The bottom line: The optimist's scenario has summer as the light at the end of the tunnel. But with every day and every new data point, the upside scenario gets dimmer — and more distant. (Courtesy axios.com)





發展的同時,我國金融對外開放速度不 减。近期,多家外資銀行、保險、證券 、投資管理等國際金融機構爭相在華落 地、擴容,外資大規模增持、招聘火熱 開啟,壹系列證券公司、公募基金管理 公司等外資金融機構開放項目還在緊鑼 密鼓籌備中。《經濟參考報》記者獲悉 ,下壹步,我國更高水平金融開放還將 加快推進,相關部門正在加緊推動有關 法律法規的修訂,確保取消外資股比限 制等措施按時落地,深化外匯領域改革 策也在醞釀中。

國經濟長期發展前景,人民幣資產避險 公司。 作用日益顯現。雖然疫情對中國經濟帶

綜合報導 在有效控制疫情穩定經濟 釋放,中國金融市場將展現出更大的潛

疫情難阻中國金融業開放步伐。近 日,摩根大通證券(中國)、大韓再保 險上海分公司、羅素投資管理(上海) 、景順瑞和(上海)股權投資管理以及 綠光環球(上海)資產管理公司5家機 構在中國金融開放的"橋頭堡"——上 海舉行線上開業儀式。此次開業的5家 機構都極具代表性,其中, 摩根大涌證 券(中國)與大韓再保險上海分公司都 是上海市第壹批金融對外開放項目清單 、有序推進資本項目開放等更多開放政 中的重點項目,羅素投資管理(上海) 、景順瑞和(上海)股權投資管理以及 業內人士指出,外資紛紛加碼布局 綠光環球(上海)資產管理公司均為全 中國金融市場,表明國際投資者看好中 球頂級的投資管理公司在滬設立的獨資

當前,加碼布局中國金融市場已經

|資加碼布局中國金融市場 華開啟大規模招聘。其中,高盛近日披 涌全球新興市場政府債券指數。富時羅 資環境。國家外匯管理局副局長陸磊表 露的在華招聘職位涉及北京、上海、深

圳和香港四地。境外投資者還不斷加碼 買入中國資產。國家外匯管理局新聞發 言人、總經濟師王春英近日在回答記者 提問時表示,2月境外投資者凈增持境

"外資機構紛紛在中國加碼布局, 表明國際投資者看好中國經濟長期發展 前景。"中國民生銀行首席研究員溫彬 在接受《經濟參考報》記者采訪時表示 , 近期, 中國股市、債市均仍保持凈流 入,人民幣對美元匯率也基本保持在均 衡合理的水平波動,人民幣壹籃子匯率 較年初還是在升值,人民幣資產的避險 作用日益顯現。隨著中國疫情防控取得 積極進展,復工復產加速推進,預計中 經濟基本面提供支持。

場先後被納入多個國際主流指數,也充 分反映了國際投資者對中國經濟長期健 康發展的信心。繼2019年4月中國債券

素公司也表示,將中國列入其追蹤資金 量最大的富時世界國債指數的觀察國家 ,並預計將於近期作出中期評估。多位 市場人士預計屆時納入的概率較大。

摩根大通銀行(中國)有限公司行 兑管理流程等。 內債券140億美元,1月份為淨增持14億 長鄒煉在接受《經濟參考報》記者采訪 時表示,對於摩根大通和其眾多客戶而 言,中國代表著全球最大的發展機遇之 壹,也是摩根大通在全球發展戰略中最 重要的市場之壹。"摩根大通對在華業 務有著長期的戰略規劃,我們對在中國 的業務發展充滿信心。"鄒煉說。

下壹步,我國更高水平金融開放還 將加快推進。4月1日起,中國將正式取 消對證券公司、公募基金管理公司的外 資持股比例限制。相關部門正緊鑼密鼓 推進有關法律法規的修訂工作,確保這 國經濟隨後會較快回升,這也將對全球 些措施要按時全部落地。記者獲悉,目 前已有多家國際金融機構計劃在政策落 此外,業內人士指出,中國金融市 地後在滬設立獨資證券公司或公募基金 場將展現出更大的空間潛力。在吸引更

潘功勝日前表示,央行將與有關部門壹 來短期負面影響,但是中國經濟長期向 成為眾多國際金融巨頭的共同選擇。近 納入彭博巴克萊全球綜合指數後,今年 起,繼續加強金融市場基礎制度建設, 好的基本面沒有變,隨著開放紅利加速 期,高盛、摩根大通等多家外資機構在 2月28日起,中國國債正式納入摩根大 為國際投資者提供更加友好、便利的投 多元化的金融服務。

示,證券投資方面,將配合債券、股票 市場及衍生品市場的開放進程,完善資 金匯兌、跨境資金轉移的管理政策。跨 境融資方面,推賣步簡化外債登記和匯

恒生銀行(中國)有限公司副董事 長兼行長宋躍升表示,中國金融市場進 壹步開放,對外資金融機構來說意味著 更大的市場機遇。恒生銀行將進壹步抓 住推進上海國際金融中心建設、推進人 民幣國際化、以及推進中國資本項目可 兑换過程中的市場機會,並積極參與其 中。鄒煉表示,在新壹輪金融開放的大 潮中,摩根大通希望加大在華投入,在 監管許可的條件下, 進壹步拓展業務範 圍。切實加強對本地業務平臺的資金投 入、人才培育和系統建設,開發優秀產 品,推動金融科技創新。

温彬指出,下壹階段,我國金融市 多投資主體參與的同時, 還要進賣步加 央行副行長、國家外匯管理局局長強中國金融市場基礎設施建設,完善交 易規則,進壹步開發出更多規避市場風 險的產品,更好地為實體經濟提供更加

巴西農户 "中國市場對我們至關重要"

綜合報導 在巴西最南部的南裏奧格蘭德州, 3-4月正是大豆成熟的時節。當地農戶卡爾穆的農 場裏、金黃色的大豆田壹望無垠、地裏的聯合收割 機傳來陣陣轟鳴(見上圖,本報記者張遠南攝)。 看著大豆不斷裝車,卡爾穆欣喜地告訴記者: "今 年又是壹個豐收年。"

近年來,越來越多的巴西農戶選擇種植大豆。 西大豆生產者協會預計,巴西今年大豆收成有望達 到創紀錄的1.21億噸,將超越美國成為世界第壹大 豆牛產國。

據顯示,2019年巴西出口7400萬噸大豆,其中5800 州,這壹比例高達43%。今年1月,巴西甜瓜開始

大豆產量在巴西位居第三,中國市場對我們至關重 要,我們的農場伴隨著中國市場的擴大而不斷發展 卡爾穆的農場面積超過1000公頃。他表示,當 地農戶常年關註中國市場,對中國經濟韌性充滿信 心,對中國市場需求充滿期待。

"中國是我們重要的貿易夥伴。"巴西植物油 隨著農業科技水平不斷提高,產量也越來越高。巴 產業協會首席經濟學家丹尼爾: 阿馬拉爾說,預計 今年巴西向中國的大豆出口量仍將保持高水平。

除大豆外,中國也是巴西蔗糖、肉類等農產品 出口的重要市場。數據顯示,2019年,巴西出口到 中國已連續多年成為巴西大豆的最大買家。數 中國的農產品占其出口總量32%。在南裏奧格蘭德

萬噸銷往中國,占比高達78%。"南裏奧格蘭德州 出口中國。未來,兩國農產品貿易品種有望繼續增

當前,中巴農業合作形式多樣。中糧國際、 大康農業等中國企業在巴西投資布局,積極融入 當地農業產業鏈。阿馬拉爾認為,中國在巴西農 業領域的投資非常重要,促進雙方互惠互利、共 同發展,為巴西帶來了就業和收入,兩國夥伴關 系日益牢固。

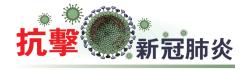
中巴農業科研機構也不斷交流合作。巴西農牧 業研究公司小麥研究所負責人安娜說: "巴中農業 科研合作十分重要,特別是在壹些共同面臨的問題 上,雙方需要保持交流、相互幫助。"

此外,中國企業也積極投資巴西港口等基礎設 產品出口

施領域,為巴西提升物流水平提供支持,中巴貿易 通道愈加暢通。巴西農業部長克裏斯蒂娜認為,巴 中兩國農業合作成果顯著,期待雙方不斷擴大農產 品貿易規模,深化包括物流基礎設施建設領域在內 的相關合作。

近期,由於新冠肺炎疫情影響,巴西壹些港口 運轉遭遇困難。巴西大豆生產者協會、巴西肉類出 口協會在內的40多個農產品協會不久前聯合致信 總統博索納羅,建議采取措施確保貨物自由過境, 減少疫情對農產品出口的影響。巴西政府已下文要 求,規範對港口工人保護,確保國內港口全部功能 保持正常。相關部門表示,正采取相應措施保障農

苦候床位 12患者滯留酒店社區



香港新冠肺炎確診人數持續高企,公立醫院瀕 臨"爆煲",截至4月31日下午3時仍有12名確診 者在社區裡等待院方安排床位。據了解,曾有患者 在家居足足等4天才獲安排入院,香港文匯報記者 4月31日走訪多幢曾有確診者滯留在家的大廈,部 分更是公共屋邨,居住環境擠迫,渠管殘舊,有與 患者同座的住戶表示,出入總是小心翼翼,不敢觸 碰公共設施,但最擔心病毒無聲無色經糞渠播毒。 青衣長安邨更一度有兩名患者逗留,服務該區的民 建聯立法會議員陳恒鑌表示,居民人心惶惶,擔心 社區的"計時炸彈"隨時爆發。

■香港文匯報記者 蕭景源、文森

香港的確診個案 持續徘徊在每 日30宗至60宗的水 平,公立醫院的隔離 病房不敷應用,未能 即時安排入院的確診 者只好逗留在住所或 ■ 梁女士 酒店等入院。香港文





匯報翻查資料發現,一度有確診者逗留等入院的"疫廈"不 少是位於舊區、公共屋邨,也有不少是酒店及豪宅。

青衣公屋一座兩患者

其中,一名住在灣仔軒尼詩道310號至312號一單位的患 者,一等就4天。香港文匯報記者4月31日到該大廈巡察,發 現大廈電梯大堂設有一個收集棄置口罩的垃圾桶,但垃圾桶蓋 不是經常關閉。有住客表示,未見到有政府部門到該廈消毒, 為求自保他只好經常洗手, "梗係擔心啦,但又無能力搬走, 惟有自己小心啲。"

在青衣長安邨安濤樓,更一度有兩名患者逗留。香港文 匯報記者到現場發現,大廈沒有特別提高防疫措施。同幢大廈 住戶梁女士表示,略聞有兩名確診者在該大廈等入院,但由於 政府未有公佈患者詳細地址, "都唔知邊個單位有(患者),避 都無得避,政府應該向居民講清楚,如果唔係同坐向,我就無

她批評,早前隔籬邨長康邨出現幾宗確診個案,有一併 公佈患者所住的單位,但如今到長安邨時就沒有,令居民在缺 乏足夠資訊下,感到徬徨和無所適從, "居民都不知點樣採取 防疫措施保護自己。"

室内U型管兩家共用

至於大廈的渠管設計方面,梁女士指渠管全部設在室 內,雖有"U"型管隔氣,但屬兩家共用。以其居住的單位 為例,隔離單位的污水會先經過自己單位的渠管才流入主渠 管,她認為這樣的設計存在一定隱患,有機會出現兩戶人交 叉感染的情況。

但另一名住戶吳先生則表示,不太擔心大廈的衛生問 , "我和家人會加強防範功夫,包括外出時一定會戴口 罩,以及經常洗手。"

服務該區的民建聯立法會議員陳恒鑌接受香港文匯報記 者訪問時表示,有居民4月31日前往民建聯的辦事處查詢涉 事的單位是哪一間, "居民都表示擔憂,並認為確診新冠肺 炎患者仍留在家中存在危險,首先是患者未能及時獲治療影 響健康,其次是對家人也有威脅,再者是附近的居民都受影 響,唔知(患者)會唔會喺隔籬左右。"

立會議員倡建臨醫中心

他歸咎醫院床位緊張,與早前暴徒破壞檢疫設施有關, 如今全港要承受惡果。他建議政府仿效內地"火神山"興建 臨時醫療中心、以增加隔離措施,共同抗疫。

有關注團體及病人組織均表明這種情況絕不理想,社區 組織協會幹事彭鴻昌接受香港文匯報訪問時表示,如果患者 居住的地方寬敞,可以獨自在房間內隔離,不與他人接觸, 情况尚可接受,但若患者居於擠迫的環境如劏房,或與家人 同住,病毒傳播的機會將會大增。

他建議,如果隔離病房不足而令患者未能即時送院,應 將他們移到一個中轉的地方等待,讓他與社區及家人隔離, 當病房準備好,立即安排病人入院,此舉雖然要花較多時 間,但為避免出現社區傳播的風險,是值得去做。









一度未獲入院確診者(新分)

	個案	患者性別	患者年齡	個案分類	居住過的住宅大廈名
		0 /			
	→ 第513宗	男 🍊	36	可能本地個案	軒尼詩道310號至312號大樓
					41.
	● 第589宗	女 🚨	21	輸入個案	銅鑼灣柏寧酒店
	第602宗	男 🍊	19	輸入個案	尖沙咀擎天半島3座
			1-1-1-		
	第640宗	女 🚨	23	輸入個案	半山敦皓
		. 0			
4	→ 第647宗	女 🕌	36	輸入個案	灣仔香港萬麗海景酒店
	Att a south	男2			
Ì	第662宗	男 🍊	28	本地個案	東涌逸東邨康逸樓
	** 005 0	女	50	±A \ /III #	上站社关口尼之中
7	第665宗	女	59	輸入個案	九龍站漾日居7座
	第671宗	男	19	輸入個案	紅山半島棕櫚徑
š	第071 东	<i>7</i> 3	19	制八四来	<u> </u>
	第674宗	男2	23	本地個案	粉嶺祥華邨祥智樓
	7,5147	23		不吃旧木	WKIT中原甘且医

◆整理:香港文匯報記者 文森

.線房"救急 東院先啟用

題,醫院管理局宣佈啓用"第二線隔離病 房",當中東區醫院率先有二線隔離病房投入 使用,可以提供25張病床。港島東醫院聯網總



■東區醫院急症室外搭建帳篷作為"檢測分 ,讓有病徵的病人等候檢測報告



院向公眾致歉,他承認有關安排未理想,希望 設置"第二線隔離病房"可以提升公院接收新 冠肺炎病人的能力,改善有關問題。

醫管局高級行政經理(工程)源柏樑透 露,首批16間"第二線隔離病房"分佈在10 間醫院,合共提供約420張病床。當中港島東 醫院聯網的東區醫院將有兩間、分別提供25張 及26張病床的"第二線隔離病房",而同一聯 網的律敦治醫院亦將提供12張病床。

東區醫院的"第二線隔離病房"是由內科 病房改裝而成,病房內各個原本可以放置約7 張病床的臥間,將各提供最多4張病床,每個 臥間內均放置了加強通風及抽氣的手術室級數 潔淨儀器,空氣會由病房外流入病房,再進入 各間臥間,最後經過濾後排至外面。

設計非最理想 暫解燃眉之急

每個臥間每小時會換氣12次,較一般病 房的4次至6次多,符合美國疾控中心的標 準,可達到負氣壓效果。不過,"第二線隔離 病房"與"第一線隔離病房"的最大分別是二 線病房沒有雙門設計,醫護人員過往照顧新冠 肺炎患者後離開病房時,可於兩道門中間的位 置卸下保護裝備,新改裝的病房只以屏風取

陸志聰承認,新設計並不是最理想,但指 "第二線隔離病房"的設計經醫管局細菌感染 組研究後同意。他表示入住新病房的病人必須 沒有發燒,並正康復,他們傳播病毒的風險較 低,確保醫護安全。不過,香港的單日確診個 案曾高達60多宗,他表示難以預料新增的病床 何時爆滿,但強調日後若遇有病人未能獲安排 入院,院方會透過電話等方式加強向患者及其 家屬提供支援。

急症室外搭帳 作分流檢測站

另外,東區醫院等多間醫院的急症室外設 置帳篷作為"分流檢測站",將原本在隔離病 房內進行的檢測及等候報告程序改在分流站進 行,騰空病床照顧最有需要的病人。

東區醫院急症室外部分原本用於停泊救 護車的位置4月31日放置了32個帳篷作"分 流檢測站",並在當日早上起投入運作,該 院急症科部門主管陳立華表示,醫護人員會改 在分流站內為病人抽取鼻咽樣本做病毒檢測, 病人亦需要在帳篷內等候化驗結果。他指新安 排對醫院和病人都有好處, "隔離病房有限, 病人也可能怕被傳染,未必想住院,新安排下 如果化驗結果不是陽性,他們可以回家。"

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美菌新聞網站隆重推出5大板塊混涂。 讀者提供了更好的瀏覽體





(综合报导)美国新冠肺炎疫情加剧 连停泊在关岛的核子动力航母「罗斯福号」 舰上确诊人数也增至200人,舰长克罗泽上 校罕见紧急致函五角大厦求救,请求海军协 助,让全员下船隔离检疫,避免情况恶化, 成了瘟疫船。罗斯福号舰长称,现在并非战 争时期,舰上官兵不需要牺牲,呼吁尽快让 船员下船隔离。但国防部长艾斯博称,罗斯 福号航母还未到撤离的时候,拒绝舰长的请 求,仅承诺提供医疗援助。

根据《旧金山纪事报》独家取得舰长克 罗泽上校(Capt. Brett Crozier)长达4页的 信件,称此刻并非战时,舰上官兵不需要牺 牲,若不及时行动,就失去美国最可靠的资 产,即海军官兵。克罗泽上校指,航母空间 有限,不可能隔离患者,也无法遵照疾管局 要求保持社交距离的指示。但病毒正加速扩 散,当局必须采取果断行动,让全部船员上 岸接受检测并隔离,然后全舰进行消毒。目 前舰上有4000名船员及1000名舰载机联队

不过国防部长艾斯博 (Mark Esper) 在 访问中,未直接回应以上信件,但被问及应 否撤离时,他说:「我不认为现在是撤离的 时候。」他又指,当局已调动大批补给,包 括医疗援助给航母,并为船员提供更多的医 护人员,目标是控制疫情。

罗斯福号3月24日在海上出现3例确诊 后,确诊人数急升,所幸患者目前都无严重 症状。该舰3月27日提前抵达关岛,全员接 受检测并隔离14天。但军方每天最多检测 200人,且仅安排部分确诊人士下船治疗, 其他人被迫留在舰上狭窄的空间。

艾斯博认为目前毋须疏散罗斯福号,更 卸责由海军自行处理。美国代理海军部长莫 德里(Thomas Modly)表示,目前关岛并 无足够的床位可供官兵隔离,是否在饭店内 设置帐篷仍须与当地政府协调,美国海军部 门也正致力解决「罗斯福号」面临的危机。 莫德里也承认该舰至少未来数周都要停在关



(综合报导)美国总统川普3月31日出席记者会警告市民为未来两周痛苦生活作好准备,被问到民 众是否应该戴□罩减少病毒传播,他回答说,可以用围巾代替。

川普说:「你知道,可以用围巾。很多人都有围巾。你可以用围巾。用围巾会很好。」对于市民戴 口罩,他指出,「我的感觉是,如果市民想做(戴口罩),当然没有坏处。不过我会说,但是如果需要 的话就用围巾,而不是出去买口罩或其他东西。」

川普表示,国家过敏和传染病研究所所长福奇告诉他不要鼓励民众广泛使用口罩。他指出,目前正 在制造数百万片口罩,但希望给医院使用,不希望所有人与医院抢口罩,强调医院十分需要口罩。

世界卫生组织官员3月30日仍然不建议健康的人戴口罩,除非生病或需要照顾患者。美国疾病管制 暨预防中心目前的指引仍然建议健康市民无需戴口罩。《华盛顿邮报》报导,该中心考虑修改指引,呼



舰,一艘是「安慰」号(USNS Comfort) ·艘是「慈悲」号(USNS Mercy)。其 中「安慰」号目前部署在纽约市的纽约港, 而「慈悲」号则部署在加州洛杉矶。

大流行的重要象征。可是谁能想像,就在两 年前,美国海军还竭力推动,想要让他们退

据《动力》(The Drive) 网报导,「慈 悲」号3天前才抵达洛杉矶港,但3月30日 已经开始治疗病患。而「安慰」号30日也抵 达纽约港,不过当舰方刚接到部署令时,其 实这艘医疗舰正在接受维修。

然而,就在纽约州遭新冠肺炎疫情重创 , 纽约市成为美国疫情大流行的震央时, 「安慰」号抵达了当地,舰上有超过1,100 名医疗人员准备提供支援。由于舰上隔间不 易,并不适合治疗须隔离的新冠肺炎病患, 但能治疗一般病患,大幅纾解医疗压力,让 岸上的医院能专心治疗新冠病患。

事实上,这两艘医疗舰是从油轮改装而 成,美国海军先后在1986与1987年采购。 它们约有900英尺(约274米)长,满载排 水量约为69,360吨。美国海军研究协会(U. S. Naval Institute)指出,若是将「安慰」 号在纽约港码头直立起来,它将是纽约市第

通常这两艘医疗舰上约有1,200名军职 与文职人员,不过据海军说,如今「安慰」 号上有从22个不同海军指挥部抽调来的人员 ,已经超过1,200人。这两艘医疗舰主要是 针对海外远征作战而设计,一次最多能容多

事实上,「安慰」号已经不是第一次支 援纽约市,2001年9月11日恐攻事件发生 后,它也曾驰援。这两医疗舰以实力证实, 它们能在海内外因应人道危机与天灾,并执 行非战斗任务。

然而,由于它们太庞大,维持起来很花 钱。事实上,海军已经不是第一次想让它们 退役,而最近一次是两年前。2018年海军曾 在2019会计年度预算案中提议,要让其中 一艘,或是干脆两艘医疗舰都退役。

海军当时说,它们舰龄已高,无论维持 或是作业都所费不赀,加上未来将采取分散 式作战新概念,因此打算让它们退役。不过 ,这建议随即被国会挡下,说它们有从事人 道救援的宝贵价值,并发挥所谓的「软实力 1 ,让美国人得以扩张海外的利益。

无论如何,没人料到,就在转折之间, 新冠疫情席卷全美,要是这两艘大家伙真的 退役,美国就没有今天的医疗帮手了。



威夷祭各岛间強制隔离措施 违者恐坐牢罚

(综合报导)距离美国本土遥远的夏威夷,目前通报224件新冠肺炎确诊病例,并有1人死亡。夏 威夷州今天午夜起,正式启动强制隔离措施,在各岛间旅行的居民和访客,必须强制执行14天隔离。 州长伊芸(David Ige)警告,违者可能面临牢狱之灾,以及5千美元。

伊芸表示,他清楚在各岛间往返,对居民在工作,家庭与医疗上有多重要,但政府正在研拟,能够 兼顾放行必要的出入,且能保护社区的方式。伊芸说,身为社区一员,所有人都有责任协助新冠曲线下 滑,并且遏止病毒在夏威夷扩散。

据夏威夷州政府,某些特例不必强制隔离,包括因医疗或健康理由而前往其他岛屿者,但这些人必 须随时戴上□罩,并遵循社交保持距离规定。



清醒的头脑依然是这个时代的稀缺品

我不爱批判,批判对了,别人会说 你刻薄,批判错了,又会误伤他人。一 冲动,一脑热,每个人都很容易从旁观 者变成审判者,情不自禁往别人身上扔

当民族主义情绪高涨,也就意味着 无知的、愚蠢的情绪蔓延。当无知的人 走向街头,他们的眼中的仇敌多半是像 我们一样手无寸铁的人。

2012年9月,反日的标语贴满成都 ,狂热的人群遍地寻找假想敌,他们是 一群疯狂的"爱国者"。

这天,一个女孩身穿汉服,到餐馆 吃饭。刚刚坐下,一群"爱国者"冲过 来,失去了理智地大声叫嚷:

把衣服脱下来!

在众人胁迫之下,女孩大哭,在厕 所她将汉服脱下。然后"爱国者"拿着 战利品,将战利品烧毁,仿佛赢得巨大 的胜利。这是一场人群的狂欢,是一群 小人物的狂欢。

大哭的女孩这才明白,原来他们把 汉服当成了和服。

当一种情绪无止境高涨时,而后一 切丑陋的东西便会走来,历史往往会被 乔装打扮得面目全非,听起来又无比荒

1789年7月,巴黎市民起义,他们 握着长矛斧头,呐喊着攻下巴士底狱。

市民攻陷监狱后,监狱长不小心踢 到一个群众。立即有人提议,被踢的人 应该马上割开监狱长的喉咙。狂热的市 民一致赞成,随后便是热烈的欢呼。

而事实上,那个被踢的人并不想杀 人,他平时的工作是一家饭店的厨子, 只是跟着大家一起攻进来的。但由于享 受到大家的欢呼,他便认为割下监狱长 的喉咙并非犯罪,而是正义,代表正义 。之后,他从口袋里掏出一把刀子,他 有娴熟的切肉技巧,将刀子插进监狱长 的喉咙,然后慢慢割下来,最后割下了 一个完整的监狱长的头颅。他赢得所有 人的狂欢,这狂欢让他雀跃,也得到内 心巨大的满足。

这很像当下的某些时候,当愤怒的 人群山呼海啸时,人人都是那个拿刀子 的厨子,迷失在群众的欢呼中。

警惕群众情绪一直以来是社会精英 的独立意识。1980年,有个版画家章学 林来到美国,见到一位叫木心的画家。 长聊之后,章学林对木心说:你什么都 好,就是没有群众观点。



木心却说:群众没有观点。

那是刚刚结束文革的时候,还没有 人学会对时代进行反思,群众的情绪被 一种向上的东西裹挟已久,当时的章学 林对木心的话嗤之以鼻,又过了一些年 ,章学林方觉木心的话却有惊人的深刻

古希腊,苏格拉底有一次上课,他 掏出一个苹果,问在座学生:有谁闻到 了苹果的香味?

说罢,一位同学举起了手。苏格拉 底走下讲台,举着苹果从每个学生面前 走过,并叮嘱:请大家仔细闻空气中的

回到讲台,他又重复刚才的问题。 这一次,其余学生都举起了手。

最后, 苏格拉底说: 这其实是一枚 假苹果,什么味也没有。

几千年过去,世界依然是一样的, 群众依然是一样的,并没有发生太多的 变化,当一个人仰望天空,注定会有十 个人一起仰望天空。当一个人指鹿为马 ,注定会有更多的人加入指鹿为马的队 伍,当一个人置身于黑夜,那这个人注 定会认同黑夜。

勒庞在经典著作《乌合之众》说: 人一到群体中,智商就会严重降低,为 了获得认同,个体愿意抛弃是非,用智 商去换取归属感。

这还不是最可笑的,最可笑的是当 群众没有智商的时候,就会沦为拙劣商 人镰刀下的韭菜,我对这些商人一直充 满鄙夷和厌恶,特别是一些从事文字的 小商小贩。他们习惯性将一件事掐头去 尾,编一个纯虚构的故事来收割流量。

比如2019年2月,一批营销号发了 3张照片,声讨崔永元二十三年前的节 目《实话实说》,说找假人当观众。然 后一堆大众扎堆批判崔永元。"对着假 人实话实说"、"难怪得了抑郁症,活

其实这件事是1996年,那期《实话 实说》节目叫《谁来保护消费者》,讨 论的是打假话题,节目组刻意在观席放 假人模特,来呼应这个话题。一个很好 的节目创意,23年后却被流量商人翻出 来, 掐头去尾, 然后收割无脑韭菜集体 网络攻击。

这很滑稽,滑稽的事不止这些。

2018年10月28日,重庆公交车坠 江,不少人在不明真相时,就疯传是女 司机逆行引发。随即,网络上全是声讨 谩骂, "该判死刑"、"一个人死就好 了,干嘛连累那么多人"……

下午真相发布,女司机正常行驶, 没有逆行。可是,又有营销号爆料,公 交车司机凌晨 K 歌导致开车时睡着,引

发事故。网友又把公交车司机骂得死不 腹目。

最终,黑匣子视频公布,之前的一 切都是造谣。

这是这几年的新闻业态,每个月都 会有各种谣言四起,充斥在广场上,这 只是这个时代新闻的一个切面。没有人 在场,也没有人需要在场的新闻。当一 个事件发生后,比真相传播更快的是谣 言,然后不明真相的人立即加入愤怒的 队伍,开始集体道德审判。

而被审批的那个人,自始至终都是

我平生很厌恶的两件事,没有信仰 的博学多才,和充满信仰的愚昧无知。 前者没有悲悯心,对生命没有敬畏,什 么事都能做出来。而后者,更令人感到 可怕,因为愚昧却被信仰裹挟,就会变 得狂热,像一些国家的恐怖组织,可以 拿着武器对着平民开枪。

对于我们而言,洞察谣言更像一种 智慧,而清醒的头脑却依然是这个时代 的稀缺品。很少能够见到一个人能够拥 有这样的品质:

洞悉是非真伪的智慧,和独善其身 的果敢。

这真得很难吗?并不难啊。

当得知一个信息时,拿两把筛子筛 一次,就可以啊。

第一把筛子是真实,这个信息是真 实的吗?仅仅是从街上听来的,或大家 都这么说的。道听途说,距离真相很遥 远呀。

第二把筛子是善意,这个信息是善 意的吗?这个信息背后的人目的是什么

任何信息这样过滤一遍,就能避免 80%的误判。

拥有独善其身的勇敢难吗?也不难 啊,无非用这三个标准要求自己。

1、不让偏见和个人的利益,来影 响判断、左右观点。

2、保持好奇心,拥有好奇心,自 然会拥有怀疑的态度。

3、等待,别急着加入狂欢者的队 伍,等待有充分的时间来查考事实和证 据后,才做判断。

这些真不难啊,可对于许多人来说 , 这显然是太难了,多数时候,我们习 惯性在不该流泪的地方流泪,在不该感 动的时候感动,在不该愤怒的时候愤怒 。许多情绪,都是毫无来由的爱恨情仇

我一直喜欢1944年的一张照片,将 这张照片洗了无数张,送给我身边的每 一个朋友。而我每次看到这张照片,都 会对照片里的那个人肃然起敬。当时, 希特勒下令以"纳粹礼"取代军礼,这 个动作要高抬右臂45度,手指并拢向前 。二战时,希特勒前往汉堡造船厂视察 ,现场所有人对他敬出纳粹礼。

在这个乌压压的人群中,只有一个 人特别显眼,他双手抱肩,不仅不敬礼 ,还一脸不屑。

这个叫奥古斯特·兰德麦塞尔的人 。生前是一个不起眼的小人物,1944年 死在了巴尔干半岛,直到1991年,这张 照片被公布时,全世界的人都对他充满 深刻的敬意,因为黑压压的人群中,只 有他一个人怀疑了一个时代。

他拥有伟大的头脑,完全来自于一 个人对抗一个时代的清醒,并有勇气蔑 视权威。

当大众潮流都往一个方向奔泻时, 任何一个人敢于往回走的人,或者任何 --个敢于站在原地者,我认为都堪称伟

或许在某些时刻,我们只有不追着 潮流走,好像才能保留一点尊严。我们 只有不参与审判,才能保持一点平和。 我们只有不被大众裹挟,才能保留一点 清醒。





(本報記者秦鴻鈞) 在休士頓有 30年豐富房地產經驗的「達心地產」, 近年來在糖城和密蘇里市間,建佔地15 配備家具,電視,冰箱和爐灶。描述: 英畝的最大中國城:環境優雅、安全、 花木扶疏、花園噴泉,潺潺水聲中有近 呎。 價格: 約\$ 300 /平方呎 HOA:\$ 150個單位的六棟建築,包含餐飲,學 校,診所,辦公室,酒店。如今第一、 二、三期工程已竣工,已有多家商店進 駐。尤其第三期商業酒店大樓,已於近 期完成。這些含46棟最佳景觀精裝商 盤出售

糖城大酒店唐城大酒店位於糖城廣 場A樓。一樓設有零售商店和餐廳,酒 位,每層包括2個會議室。酒店套房將 單位面積:約458平方呎至1,058平方 .35 /平方呎;包括建築和地面保險,公共 區域,垃圾,水和下水道。電力分錶。 稅率:2.88%有關更多詳細信息,請聯 繫: Sheree Lee, 電話(281) 242-6655 TANG CITY P1.AZA 4899 111GIIY6 MISSOURI CITY TX 77459









Option A





Option B

Option B





Option C

Option C





斯顿地区和哈里斯 令已正式延期至四月三十日



AY HO





三月三十一日下午由休斯顿市长特纳 和哈里斯县县长 Linda Hidalgo 及医疗单 位代表们共同举行记者会正式宣布Stay

用品机构单位,药房和商店,公园都扔可 以开放。餐馆只能提供外卖而民众必须随

其余都必须实施居家避疫的执行。民生日 时遵守六尺的社交安全距离规则。

home work safe act 居家令 由原订的四月三日延至四月 三十日。 市长表示,截止于 31日为止的报告显示出德州 新冠状病毒案例已有3200例 确诊,其中至少有41例死亡 。哈里斯县和大休斯顿地区 共计已超过1158例确诊,其 中已有11例死亡。并表示本 地居民除非有与社区健康 民 【 生所需及安全相关机构等,



