



If you would like to share news or information with our readers, please send the unique stories, business

news organization events, and school news to us including your name and phone number in case more information is needed.

For news and information consideration, please send to News@scdaily.com or contact John Robbins 832-280-5815 Jun Gai 281-498-4310

The City of Houston's highest paid public officials in 2018



Inside C2

Southern DAILY

Make Today Different

Southern Daily News is published by Southern News Group Daily

Thursday, November 2, 2018 | www.today-america.com | Southern News Group

Trump to crack down on asylum seekers in immigration speech

WASHINGTON (Reuters) - The United States will deny asylum to people who enter the country through a non-legal port of entry, President Donald Trump is likely to say on Thursday in remarks designed to enforce his hard line on immigration ahead of next week's congressional elections.

U.S. President Donald Trump delivers remarks at a campaign rally in Estero, Florida, U.S., October 31, 2018. REUTERS/Carlos Barria

The president's remarks, plans for which were announced earlier on Thursday before a scheduled political rally later in the evening, will include his desire to change the asylum process, according to a source familiar with the matter. The Immigration and Nationality Act provides that any immigrant in the United States may apply for asylum, regardless of whether he or she entered the country through a designated port of entry. Trump will insist that such applications be made at a legal point of entry.

Trump has ramped up his tough stance on illegal immigration, an issue that appeals to his core supporters, before elections on Tuesday that will determine whether his fellow Republicans keep control of Congress.

He will make his remarks at the White House at 4:15 p.m. (2015 GMT) on "the illegal immigration crisis and give an update on border security," White House Press Secretary Sarah Sanders said in a statement.

In recent days, Trump has sought to present as a threat to the United States a large group of migrants from Central America who have left poverty and violence at home and are heading slowly through Mexico toward the U.S. border.

Republican Senator Chuck Grassley, an ally of the president and head of the powerful Senate Judiciary Committee, echoed some of the president's strong rhetoric about the caravan in a letter to the secretaries of the Department of Homeland Security and the State Department.

In the letter, Grassley said his office had received information that several members of the caravan had "significant criminal histories" and was seeking information about "potential national security threats that reportedly exist among the members."

Trump said on Wednesday the United States could send as many as 15,000 troops to the border to confront the migrant caravan, more than twice the number previously disclosed by defense officials.

Republican lawmakers and other Trump supporters have applauded the deployment. But critics argue Trump has manufactured a crisis to drive Republican voters to the polls.

On another immigration front, Trump said this week he would seek to scrap the constitutional right of citizenship for U.S.-born children of noncitizens and illegal immi-



FILE PHOTO: U.S. President Donald Trump stands with U.S. Trade Representative Robert Lighthizer as he delivers remarks on the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA) during a news conference in the Rose Garden of the White House in Washington, U.S., October 1, 2018. REUTERS/Kevin Lamarque/File Photo

grants, saying he would issue an executive order on so-called birthright citizenship. Trump and some other Republicans say the right - granted by the Constitution's post-Civil War 14th Amendment - creates an incentive for people to enter the country illegally to have children. Critics,

including some other Republicans, say the president cannot change the Constitution by fiat. Such an action would virtually guarantee a legal challenge.

請至本報社
免費取閱

2018休斯頓
旅遊購物指南
HOUSTON TRAVEL SHOPPING GUIDE
VOLUME 5

免費取閱
Take One Free

休斯敦市中心壁畫 Houston Mural

休斯敦市中心壁畫 (Market-Square Park) 是休斯敦市的一處景點，由藝術家們在市中心的一處牆壁上繪製而成。這幅壁畫展示了休斯敦市的歷史和現代建築，並融入了當地的文化元素。壁畫的長度超過100英尺，寬度約為10英尺。壁畫的創作過程非常艱辛，藝術家們在炎熱的夏季，每天工作長達12小時，最終完成了這幅令人驚嘆的作品。壁畫的完成時間為2017年，目前已經成為休斯敦市的一處熱門景點，吸引了大量的遊客前來觀賞。

休斯敦市中心壁畫 (Market-Square Park) 是休斯敦市的一處景點，由藝術家們在市中心的一處牆壁上繪製而成。這幅壁畫展示了休斯敦市的歷史和現代建築，並融入了當地的文化元素。壁畫的長度超過100英尺，寬度約為10英尺。壁畫的創作過程非常艱辛，藝術家們在炎熱的夏季，每天工作長達12小時，最終完成了這幅令人驚嘆的作品。壁畫的完成時間為2017年，目前已經成為休斯敦市的一處熱門景點，吸引了大量的遊客前來觀賞。

2018休斯頓 旅遊購物指南

HOUSTON TRAVEL
SHOPPING GUIDE

已經 發行

HOUSTON TRAVEL SHOPPING GUIDE

Editor’s Choice



A Mexican migrant arranges an offering during the Day of the Dead celebrations in La Paz



Google employees stage a “women’s walkout” at their Googleplex offices in protest over the company’s handling of a large payout to Android chief Andy Rubin as well as concerns over several other managers who had allegedly engaged in sexual misconduct at the company in Mountain View, California, U.S., November 1, 2018. REUTERS/Stephen Lam



Candidate for Governor Ron DeSantis speaks at Versailles restaurant in the Little Havana section of Miami



Cast member Mackenzie Foy attends the London premiere of ‘The Nutcracker and the Four Realms’ movie in London, Britain, November 1, 2018. REUTERS/Simon Dawson



A supporter of Candidate for Governor Ron DeSantis is pictured at Versailles restaurant in the Little Havana section of Miami



Migrants, part of a caravan traveling to the U.S., clean themselves and wash their clothes in Huixtla, Mexico, November 1, 2018. REUTERS/Carlos Garcia Rawlins



Tennis - ATP 1000 - Paris Masters - AccorHotels Arena, Paris, France - November 1, 2018 Switzerland’s Roger Federer makes his entrance before his third round match against Italy’s Fabio Fognini REUTERS/Gonzalo Fuentes



Passengers are welcomed as the airplane of Greek carrier Aegean Airlines lands at Skopje airport on its first in more than a decade direct flight between Athens and Skopje

End of September is the Mid-Autumn Festival season, according to Chinese culture and it is the time to show love and care to family members with the Chinese traditional dessert – Mooncake.

During the 2018 Mid-Autumn Festival, China Xiamen Sungiven Foods company and Rhythm Media launched donation activities to show love to the orphan care centers in Texas with “family” brand mooncake. The orphans and foster care centers who received the gifts were very happy to have the donations from the Asian community and while they learned a new culture experience from eating the sweet mooncake.

Barbara, head of the World for Children Houston, said: “This is the first time World for Children Houston has received a donation from the Chinese community. It is a surprise, this center



takes care of an average of 60 kids and as a charity organization, we are not as famous as the Houston Food Bank, but we rely on people’s donations as well. So we much appreciate it if the media can help broadcast our name so more people will be aware of the needs of these special group of children. When Charlie Zeng from Rhythm Media introduced to them that Sungiven Foods manufactured “family” brand

Sending Love To Orphans With A Touch Of “Family”
Sungiven Foods Company And Rhythm Media Donate Mooncakes To Orphan Care Solutions of Texas And World for Children Houston

Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, Southern Daily Editor



mooncakes and showed them the Chinese calligraphy name “family” on each individual package, the two recipients were so happy to see the beautiful artwork. They said that they have heard of this delicious Chinese dessert, and the package with “family” logo can let children feel more like home, warm and safe. Orphan Care Solutions of Texas is located in the city of Spring and is set in a quiet forest area. The staff at the center are all young faces. Office head Chelsea said, “Many children here have had some sad experiences; these cakes are an extra comfort to those hearts that need special care. You see, each of the



bedrooms here is decorated in a home-style way to bring children a feeling of peace. I am sure they really appreciate the mooncake gifts you have brought to them.

This is the second time Sungiven has donated food to Houstonians. In 2017, they donated to the Harvey Hurricane Disaster Relief. Sungiven’s manager, Mr. Fan, said, “the communication of love through food is our philosophy. In the future, we will continue to help the community.” (Courtesy Charlie Zeng - Rhythm Media)



For credentialed mariners, deckhands, tankerman, mates, pilots and engineers. This event is also for those who work in closely related maritime fields - electricians, mechanics, dispatchers, etc.

Tuesday, Nov. 13
9a.m. - 12:30 p.m.

Maritime Training and Technology Center
3700 Old Highway 146
La Porte, Texas 77571

SAN JACINTO
COLLEGE

An Equal Opportunity Institution

想改變肺功能擔心戒煙不
增進要降低變胖想戒煙
體能患風病想失敗
改善戒煙戒吸淡煙
血液循環就好
延長壽命快樂似
容光煥發社交
拾健康而女
兒女的好榜樣
好榜樣
好榜樣
好榜樣

戒煙與否不用煩 來電馬上解疑難
不論你正考慮戒煙或還沒想過戒煙，都歡迎先撥通電話與我們交談，並獲得以下協助。
請立即致電或上網登記！
• 國、粵語專業顧問解答疑問
• 免費專業建議及全力幫助、支持
• 免費一對一電話輔導
• 免費兩週戒煙貼
• 免費中文戒煙資料
華語戒煙專線服務由 Asian Smokers' Quitline (ASQ) 所提供

貼片幫助好戒煙，來電索取不花錢！
1.800 838.8917
華語戒煙專線
ASIAN SMOKERS' QUITLINE

WWW.ASQ-CHINESE.ORG

Come Grow With Us!

2.55% APY on 18-Month CD

1.80 % APY on MonuMINT Savings and
ManageMINT Savings Accounts



Get Yourself in MINT Condition!

Gigi Chen Executive Assistant

281-568-8888 ext.1117

Ringo Kwan President of International MINT LPO 281-568-8888 ext.1118
Address: 10333 Harwin Dr. Suite.630, Houston, TX 77036

281.359.6468 www.themintbank.com

銀行總部：1213 Kingwood Drive, Kingwood, TX 77333

Annual Percentage Yield ("APY") effective as of the date of publication on new CDs. Interest compounded daily. Rates subject to change without prior notice. \$1,000 minimum. Substantial penalty for early withdrawal. Fees could reduce earnings on accounts. Other limitations may apply. Please contact a MINT employee for additional information, terms and conditions.





Cigarette butts collected during the 2012 International Coastal Cleanup in Oregon.

OVERVIEW

Cigarette butts have long been the single most collected item on the world's beaches, with a total of more than 60 million collected over 32 years.

Environmentalists have taken aim at the targets systematically, seeking to eliminate or rein in big sources of ocean pollution — first plastic bags, then eating utensils and, most recently, drinking straws. More than a dozen coastal cities prohibited plastic straws this year. Many more are pondering bans, along with the states of California and Hawaii.

Yet the No. 1 man-made contaminant in the world's oceans is the small but ubiquitous cigarette butt — and it has mostly avoided regulation. That soon could change, if a group of committed activists has its way. A leading tobacco industry academic, a California lawmaker and a worldwide surfing organization are among those arguing cigarette filters should be banned. The nascent campaign hopes to be bolstered by linking activists focused on human health with those focused on the environment.

"It's pretty clear there is no health benefit from filters. They are just a marketing tool. And they make it easier for people to smoke," said Thomas Novotny, a professor of public health at San Diego State University. "It's also a major contaminant, with all that plastic waste. It seems like a no-brainer to me that we can't continue to allow this." A California assemblyman proposed a ban on cigarettes with filters, but couldn't get the proposal out of committee. A New York state senator has written legislation to create a rebate for butts returned to redemption centers, though that idea also stalled. San Francisco has made the biggest inroad — a 60-cent per pack fee to raise roughly \$3 million a year to help defray the cost of cleaning up discarded cigarette filters.

'THE MOST LITTERED ITEM IN THE WORLD'

Cigarette butts have now also fallen into the sights of one of the nation's biggest anti-smoking organizations, the Truth initiative. The organization uses funds from a legal settlement between state attorneys general and tobacco companies to deliver tough messages against smoking. The group last week used the nationally televised Vid-

Cigarette Butts Are The Single Greatest Source Of Ocean Trash - NOT Plastic Straws

Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, Southern Daily Editor

eo Music Awards to launch a new campaign against cigarette butts. As in a couple of previous ads delivered via social media, the organization is going after "the most littered item in the world."

It's no wonder that cigarette butts have drawn attention. The vast majority of the 5.6 trillion cigarettes manufactured worldwide each year come with filters made of cellulose acetate, a form of plastic that can take a decade or more to decompose. As many as two-thirds of those filters are dumped irresponsibly each year, according to Novotny, who founded the Cigarette Butt Pollution Project.

The Ocean Conservancy has sponsored a beach cleanup every year since 1986. For 32 consecutive years, cigarette butts have been the single most collected item on the world's beaches, with a total of more than 60 million collected over that time. That amounts to about one-third of all collected items and more than plastic wrappers, containers, bottle caps, eating utensils and bottles, combined.

People sometimes dump that trash directly on to beaches but, more often, it washes into the oceans from countless storm drains, streams and rivers around the world. The waste often disintegrates into microplastics easily consumed by wildlife. Researchers have found the detritus in some 70 percent of seabirds and 30 percent of sea turtles. Those discarded filters usually contain synthetic fibers and hundreds of chemicals used to treat tobacco, said Novotny, who is pursuing further research into what kinds of cigarette waste leech into the soil, streams, rivers and oceans.

PLASTIC FIBERS THREATEN TO FOUL THE FOOD CHAIN

"More research is needed to determine exactly what happens to all of that," said Nick Mallos, director of the Trash Free Seas campaign for the Ocean Conservancy. "The final question is what impact these micro-plastics and other waste have on human health."



Cigarette butts collected on a Florida beach in 2010.

Tobacco companies initially explored the use of filters in the mid-20th century as a potential

method for ameliorating spiraling concerns about the health impacts of tobacco. But research suggested that smoke-bound carcinogens couldn't be adequately controlled. Then "filters became a marketing tool, designed to recruit and keep smokers as consumers of these hazardous products," according to research by Bradford Harris, a graduate scholar in the history of science and technology at Stanford University.

Over the last two decades, the tobacco companies also feared being held responsible for mass cigarette litter, said Novotny. Internal company documents show the industry considered everything from biodegradable filters, to anti-litter campaigns to mass distribution of portable and permanent ashtrays. Industry giant R.J. Reynolds Tobacco Co. launched a "portable ashtray" campaign in 1991, distributing disposable pouches for butts in test marketing with its Vantage, Camel and Salem brands. (A handy pocket behind the pouch was designed for storing matches, keys and loose change.) The company donated to the nationwide Keep America Beautiful anti-litter campaign and in 1992 it installed its own "Don't Leave Your Butt on the Beach" billboards in 30 coastal cities. More recently, an R.J. Reynolds subsidiary, Santa Fe Natural Tobacco Company, has launched a filter recycling effort, and the company mounts an intensive public awareness campaign about litter leading into Earth Day. It also says it continues with the portable ashtray effort — distributing some four million pouches to customers this year.

BIG TOBACCO TRIES, ON OCCASION, TO CLEAN UP ITS BUTTS

A spokesman for Philip Morris USA, another big manufacturer, said admonitions on cigarette packs are part of a campaign that also includes installing trash receptacles, encouraging the use of portable ashtrays and support for enforcement of litter laws. But academics who followed such campaigns said they encountered an essential problem: Most smokers preferred to flick their butts.

In industry focus groups, some smokers said they thought filters were biodegradable, possibly made of cotton; others said they needed to grind the butts out on the ground, to assure they didn't set a refuse can afire; others said they were so "disgusted" by the sight or smell of cigarette ashtrays, they didn't want

to dispose of their smokes that way. In one focus group cited in industry documents, smokers said tossing their butts to the ground was "a natural extension of the defiant/rebellious smoking ritual."

"Their efforts — anti-litter campaigns and handheld and permanent ashtrays — did not substantially affect smokers' entrenched 'butt flicking' behaviors," said a research paper co-authored by Novotny.



Cigarette butts found on a beach in Puerto Rico during the 2010 International Coastal Cleanup.

That's left cities, counties and private groups like the Ocean Conservancy to bear the brunt of the cleanups. There have been a few other quixotic solutions, like the French amusement park that recently trained a half dozens crows to collect spent cigarettes and other trash.

Cigarette companies on occasion have looked for alternatives. Participants in one focus group gathered by R.J. Reynolds in the 1990s mused that the company might find a way to make edible filters, possibly of mint candy or crackers.

The industry looked for more practical solutions, including paper filters, but prototypes made the smoke taste harsh. And other materials, like cotton, were deemed to make a drag on a cigarette less satisfying.

Mervyn Witherspoon, a British chemist who once worked for the biggest independent maker of acetate filters, said the industry's focus on finding a biodegradable filter "came and went, because there was never a pressure to do it."

"We would work on it and find some solutions but the industry would find something more interesting to work on and it would go on the backburner again," Witherspoon said. "They are quite happy to sit tight until somebody leans on them to do something."

A GREEN ALTERNATIVE AND AN ANTI-BUTT COALITION

Witherspoon is now working as a technical adviser to Greenbutts, a San Diego-based startup that says it has developed a filter made of organic materials that will quickly break down in soil or water. The filters are composed of Manila hemp, tencel, wood pulp and bound together by a natural starch, said Tadas Lisauskas, an entrepreneur who founded the company with Xavier Van Osten, an architect.

The businessmen say their product is ready for market, and can be delivered for a reasonable price if mass produced. But Lisauskas said that to really take off, the company needs a boost from the government. "We are hoping governments incentivize use of the product," said Lisauskas, "or, at the end of the day, make it mandatory."

Novotny said he hopes the push for legislation will gain steam if environmental organizations like the Ocean Conservancy and the Surfrider Foundation can establish common cause with health-oriented organizations like the American Cancer Society. So far, the environmental groups have been more out front on the issue.

Researchers have suspected that filters increase illness by encouraging people to smoke more often and to inhale more deeply when they smoke. Last December, an article in the Journal of the National Cancer Institute said that "altered puffing and inhalation may make smoke available to lung cells prone to adenocarcinomas."

Those are cancers that starts in the glands that line the inside of the lungs and other organs. And the incidence rate of the disease has been on the increase, Novotny said. The National Cancer Institute suggested that the Food and Drug Administration should consider regulating or even banning filters.

So far, legislators who back such proposals say their attempts at banning cigarette filters have had trouble making headway with fellow lawmakers, many of whom receive campaign contributions from the tobacco industry. Novotny said he thinks an important counterweight eventually could come via a full-throated anti-filter campaign from the powerhouses of the anti-smoking movement: the American Cancer Society, the American Lung Association and the American Heart Association.

California Assemblyman Mark Stone, who represents a coastal district that includes Monterey, said public momentum for a ban on cigarette filters is increasing as more people come to understand the environmental and health toll for what he called "a little toxic bomb."

"The idea to get rid of the useless part of this product is finally gaining traction in the public," said Stone, a Democrat, "and I hope that the Legislature soon follows the popular sentiment." (Courtesy <https://www.nbc-news.com/news>)

美南廣播電視台



看電視聽廣播

美南新媒體

全面進入數據互聯時代

美國華人傳媒史上重大突破



掃三維碼(QR code):
收看电视 收聽廣播
全球直播



美南國際電視STV15.3為方便觀眾收看，「電視廣播合為一體」，不需任何付費，觀眾可24小時直接收看及收聽該頻道，行車間也可方便收聽，輕鬆獲取美南電視節目以及各類國際、社區重大資訊。

美南國際電視STV15.3收看 操作指南如下，讓觀眾24小時收看收聽：

1. 掃二維碼(QR code)：觀眾只要掃描報上的二維碼，就可連結到美南國際電視，直接在手機上觀看**STV15.3**。
2. 今日美南公眾號直播：觀眾可在「今日美南」公眾號上，點選「美南電視直播」，就可輕鬆連接至**STV15.3**。
3. 下載Apps收看：可在蘋果商店搜尋「Today America」，下載Apps，除可用手機讀報更方便，也可以在Apps裡收看**STV15.3** 電視直播。
4. Google搜尋：觀眾只要在Google網站搜尋「Southern TV- STV15.3 Houston」，或輸入該平台網址「<http://media.maqtv.com/?1497381&proc=1>」就可直接連結美南國際電視直播平台。

如需開車時收聽廣播，請連接到車載音響設備(數據線/藍牙設備)，效果更佳。

Watch Live TV & Online Radio

www.today-america.com

美南新聞 Houston TX · 達拉斯時報 Dallas TX · 芝加哥時報 Chicago IL · 波士頓新聞 Boston MA · 亞特蘭大新聞 Atlanta GA · 奧斯汀新聞 Austin TX · 波特蘭新聞 Portland OR · 聖安東尼新聞 San Antonio TX · 西雅圖新聞 Seattle WA · 聖路易新聞 St. Louis MO