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Southern News Group

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Houston Auto Show revs up sales in February



Inside C5

Monday, March 19, 2018

Southern Daily News is published by Southern News Group Daily

www.today-america.com

Russia expels 23 British diplomats as crisis over nerve toxin attack deepens

MOSCOW (Reuters) - Russia expelled 23 British diplomats on Saturday in a carefully calibrated retaliatory move against London, which has accused the Kremlin of orchestrating a nerve toxin attack on a former Russian double agent and his daughter in southern

Escalating a crisis in relations, Russia said it was also shutting down the activities of the British Council, which fosters cultural links between the two countries, and Britain's consulate-general in St. Petersburg.

The Russian Foreign Ministry said the 23 British diplomats had one week to leave the country.

The move followed Britain's decision on Wednesday to expel 23 Russian diplomats over the attack in the English city of Salisbury which left former Russian spy Sergei Skripal, 66, and his daughter Yulia Skripal, 33, critically ill in hospital.

Moscow announced the measures on the eve of a presidential election which incumbent Vladimir Putin should comfortably win. Putin has cast his country as a fortress besieged by hostile Western powers with him as its defender, and state media is likely to portray the anti-British move in that context.

The Foreign Ministry said Moscow's measures were a response to what it called Britain's "provocative actions and unsubstantiated accusations". It warned London it stood ready to take further measures in the event of more "unfriendly steps".

Relations between London and Moscow have crashed to a post-Cold War low over the Salisbury attack, the first known offensive use of a nerve agent in Europe since World War

British Prime Minister Theresa May said Britain would consider its next steps with its allies in the coming days.

"We will never tolerate a threat to the life of British citizens and others on British soil from the Russian Government. We can be reassured by the strong support we have received from our friends and allies around the world," May told her Conservative Party's spring forum in London.

The Russian Foreign Ministry summoned the British ambassador, Laurie Bristow, to its headquarters on Saturday morning to inform him of the retaliatory measures.

Bristow told reporters afterwards that Britain had only expelled the Russian diplomats after Moscow had failed to explain how the nerve toxin had got to Salisbury. Britain's foreign ministry said it had anticipated Russia's response and that its priority was to look after

"Russia's response doesn't change the facts of the matter - the attempt-

its staff in Russia and assist those

returning home.



Russian policemen walk outside the British embassy in Moscow

ed assassination of two people on British soil, for which there is no alternative conclusion other than that the Russian State was culpable," it said in a statement. Britain's National Security Council is due to meet early next week to consider London's next steps.

A Russian policeman walks outside the British embassy in Moscow, Russia, March 17, 2018. REUTERS/David Mdzinarishvili

Russia's response was more robust than expected. The closure of the British Council's Moscow office will sever cultural ties, while that of the consulate-general in St Petersburg will end Britain's diplomatic presence in Russia's second city.

Russian news agencies cited politicians in Russia's upper house of parliament as welcoming the move to close the British Council, alleging it had been used as a cover by British spies.

The British Council said it was profoundly disappointed by Russia's decision and remained committed to developing longterm people-to-people links with Russia despite the closure.

Russia has complained that Britain has failed to provide any evidence of its involvement in the Salisbury attack and has said it is shocked and bemused by the allegations.

Britain has escalated a war of words with Russia over the incident in recent days. On Friday, British Foreign Secretary Bo-

ris Johnson said it was overwhelmingly likely that Russian President Putin himself had made the decision to use a military-grade nerve toxin to strike down Skripal. Britain, the United States, Germany and France have jointly called on Russia to explain the attack and U.S. President Donald Trump has said it looks as if the Russians were behind it.

Russia has said is open to cooperation with Britain, but has refused Britain's demands to explain how Novichok, a nerve agent developed by the Soviet military, was used against the Skripals.

Skripal, a former colonel in the GRU who betrayed dozens of Russian agents to British intelligence, and his daughter have been critically ill since March 4, when they were found unconscious on a bench.

A British policeman was also poisoned when he went to help them and remains in a serious but stable condition.

Russian Foreign Ministry spokeswoman-Maria Zakharova told the Rossiya 24 TV channel on Saturday that the most likely source of the Novichok nerve toxin was Britain itself or the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Sweden or the United States. Czech foreign minister rejects Russia's nerve toxin origin claim

Czech foreign minister rejects Russia's nerve toxin origin claim.Swedish foreign minister rejects 'unacceptable and unfounded' Russia toxin claim

Thousands more Syrians flee their homes as two battles rage

BEIRUT (Reuters) - Thousands of civilians streamed out of their towns on Saturday to escape battles in the north and south of Syria. where two different offensives have prompted an exodus in recent days.

People walk with their belongings as they flee the rebel-held town of Hammouriyeh, in the village of Beit Sawa, eastern Ghouta, Syria March 15, 2018. REUTERS/Omar Sanadiki A new wave of people fled a rebel pocket to army lines in eastern Ghouta near the capital Damascus, as rescuers and a monitor said air strikes pounded the besieged zone.

In the northern Afrin region, people fled as Turkish war planes struck the main town, Syrian Kurdish forces and the monitor said. More than 150,000 people have left the town in the last few days, a senior Kurdish official said. The two offensives - one by the Syrian army with Russia's support, the other led by Turkey with allied Syrian rebels - entered decisive phases this week. Both have shown how for-

eign backers and their Syrian allies are reshaping the map after the defeat of Islamic State's self-proclaimed caliphate last year.

Turkey launched the cross-border offensive in January against the Syrian Kurdish YPG fighters who control Afrin.

In its month-long assault, the Syrian military has marched into much of eastern Ghouta, the last major insurgent bastion around Damascus. Troops splintered Ghouta into three besieged zones in one of the bloodiest offensives of the seven-year war. Residents came out in their thousands this week for the first time, from the southern pocket around Hammouriyeh town. State media said 30,000 more civilians reached army positions on Saturday, including some who started leaving the Harasta zone as well in a new outflow.

Men, women, and children walked along a dirt road, staggering under bags and suitcases, footage on state TV showed. Many carried infants on their shoulders or pushed them in strollers.

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LOCAL NEWS

Climate change will squeeze insurance compa-

nies, Moody's says

By Collin Eaton

The economic aftermath of climate change has heightened liability risks for insurance companies as weather catastrophes such as Hurricane Harvey become more frequent and severe, Moody's Investors Service said in a new report.

The credit ratings agency said problems arising from the earth's warming climate, including larger financial losses, uncertainty in risk-modeling and pricing, lawsuits and the declining value of carbon-emitting energy assets, will overshadow opportunities for property and casualty insurance companies to sell more insurance products.

"Although catastrophic events have always been a key risk contributor to P&C insurers and reinsurers, the continued increase of insured property values along the coastlines and the increased frequency of weather-related catastrophic events will magnify the volatility for these firms," Moody's said in a report released on Thursday.

The firm said insured losses from weather-related disasters have spiked over the last few decades, as floods, droughts, severe storms and wildfires increase amid the changing climate. Insurance company payouts reached about \$130 billion in 2017 in the wake of Hurricane Harvey, Irma and other catastrophes, up from about \$45 billion in 2016 and \$25 billion in 1990, according to data collected by Moody's.

The unpredictability of weather events stemming from climate change, the firm said, will make it increasingly difficult for insurance companies to model financial risks and put a price on policies.

"It becomes more likely that pricing trends will consistently lag actual loss experience, meaning the industry would be playing 'catch up' in raising premiums to match losses," Moody's said.



Homeowner Tracy Scoggins, second from left, tears up as she prays with Eight Days of Hope volunteers in her gutted kitchen Saturday, March 10, 2018 in Dickenson. Thousands of volunteers spread out across the Houston area to help more than 500 homeowners repair or rebuild their homes in the wake of Hurricane Harvey.

Houston Auto Show revs up sales in February

Houston-area dealers sold 18,202 new vehicles in February, an increase of 7.4 percent from last year, according to the most recent TexAuto Facts Report published by Sugar Land-based InfoNation. The uptick was driven in large part by sales of pickup trucks and SUVs, which were up 19 percent vear over year in February. Nearly three out of every four new vehicles sold in the Houston market were in these two segments. The average price of a vehicle sold in the Houston area last month was \$37,771. For trucks and SUVs, it was \$40,317. SEAT's global sales continue to post double digit growth. In

February, the company successfully maintained the sharp increase in sales at the beginning of the year with 39,900 vehicle deliveries, which is 25.9% higher than the same month in 2017. The year to date sales figures rose by 23.1% to reach a total of 78,800 units. SEAT is maintaining a very high growth rate in the brand's main markets. In January and February, Spain spearheaded deliveries with 17,100 vehicles sold (+18.1%), closely followed by Germany, which posted a 15.0% increase to stand at 13,700 units. Other exceptional markets were Switzerland (2,100; +27.8%), France (4,300; +26.8%), Austria (3,500; +18.5%), the United Kingdom (6,500; +17.2%) and Italy

(3,700; +12.1%). SEAT is also growing strongly outside Europe. Algeria remains the brand's fourth biggest market at the beginning of the year after selling 4,700 cars, and sales in Israel went up by 34.9% to stand at 2,100 cars. SEAT Vice-President for Sales and Marketing Wayne Griffiths highlighted that "there has been an outstanding increase in sales in the first two months of the year. We are one the fastest growing car brands in the industry and are gaining market share in strategic markets." Griffiths added that "the SEAT Arona is widely popular in the market, as are the Leon, Ibiza and Ateca. In addition, the launch of the new CUPRA brand will have a positive effect in order to conquer new customers in the future."





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Monday, March 19. 2018



A Snapshot Of The World



Weronika Michalska poses in Gdansk's Old Town



Relatives of the 43 students of Ayotzinapa hold a news conference in Mexico City



Horse Racing - Cheltenham Festival



Horse Racing - Cheltenham Festival



People stand in Pennsylvania Station waiting for trains in the Manhattan borough of New York City



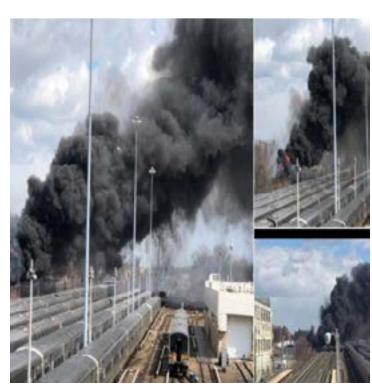
An elderly woman plays with a robot named NAO, manufactured by Softbank Robotics, in her retirement home in Bordeaux



Walter Schalka, Chief Executive Officer of Suzano Papel e Celulose S.A., attends a news conference in Sao Paulo



Elderly people play with a robot named NAO, manufactured by Softbank Robotics, in their retirement home in Bordeaux



A fire breaks at a New York recycling plant next to the tracks of the Long Island Rail Road in New York City



COMMUNITY

Harris County Attorney Vince Ryan announced Wednesday his office has filed a lawsuit against 21 drug manufacturers and distributors, four doctors and one pharmacist because of the opioid epidemic. All of them operate in Harris

The companies Purdue Pharma L.P., Cephalon Inc. and Janssen Pharmaceuticals Inc. are three of the defendants and they are referred to in the lawsuit as manufacturers, distributors and sellers of opioids in Harris County and the rest of the United States



County Attorney Vince Ryan announces plans to file lawsuits against pharmaceutical companies and doctors.

The doctors the county is suing are: Gazelle Craig, Arun Shmma, Karin Sharma and Richard Arthur Evans. The lawsuit also lists pharmacist David Devido as one of the defendants. The lawsuit contends the "defendants knew that the use of opioids had the potential to cause addiction and other health maladies" and adds that "driven by profit, defendants engaged in a campaign of lies, half-truths, and deceptions to create a market that encouraged the over-prescribing and long-term use of opioids even though there was no scientific basis to support such use." (Find the document of the lawsuit at the bottom of the story).

As for the impact the opioid epidemic has in Harris County, the lawsuit indicates that opioid prescribing rates in the county "historically have been above average and as high as 79.4 prescriptions per 100 persons."

The lawsuit adds that "of the more than 33,000 opioid-related deaths in the United States in 2015, 2,588 were in Texas" and adds that "Harris County bore its share of this burden, with 318 (12.3%) of these deaths occurring in the county.



"I would never say the pharmaceutical companies dropped the ball," lawyer Tommy Fibich said. "The

Harris County Attorney Vince Ryan Sues 21 Manufacturers And Distributors, 4 Doctors, And 1 Pharmacist Operating In The Area

Harris County Sues Pharmaceutical Companies, Doctors For 'Opioid Epidemic'

Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, Southern Daily Editor

pharmaceutical companies blew up the ball, and kicked it out to the public, for it to explode."

During a news conference held in downtown Houston, Ryan blamed pharmaceutical companies for promoting opioids too widely.

Being addicted to painkillers, or opioids, is a serious health issue in Houston and nationwide. In October, President Trump even declared the opioid crisis a "national public health emergency, under federal law." It's the first presidential administration to do so.

According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, opioid prescribing has fueled the epidemic. It said nearly half of all U.S. opioid overdose deaths involve a prescription. And a recent government report said the US economv lost over 500 billion dollars from opioid abuse, in 2015

When it comes to the question of who should pay for the losses, Harris County has said that the drug companies should; just like tobacco companies were made to pay for smoking-related health care and prevention.

"It's exactly pharmaceutical's tobacco moment," said lawyer Tommy Fibich. He's one of the several lawyers representing Harris County against the pharmaceutical companies mentioned in the lawsuit.

"These are the most addictive drugs on our planet. They knew that. They promoted them in a way that caused people to be addicted to them," said Fibich. "The problem is the companies that manufactured opioids went against every statue in law designed to protect the con-

Fibich said the regulations in place should have worked, but they weren't enforced.



"The manufacturers and distributors, primarily, managed to disregard them. They did it with impunity. And everybody was making so much money that they were willing to do it and take the risk," said Fibich.

The Harris County's lawsuit is not the first of its kind. Lawsuits of this nature have been popping up across the country. Upshur County, in East

Texas, filed a similar lawsuit in September. Healthcare Distribution Alliance (HDA) is a national trade association that represents wholesale distributors, some of whom are involved in the lawsuit.

In a statement, HDA spokesman John Parker

"As distributors, we understand the tragic impact the opioid epidemic has on communities across the country. We are deeply engaged in the issue and are taking our own steps to be part of the solution – but we aren't willing to be scapegoats.

Distributors are logistics companies that arrange for the safe and secure storage, transport. and delivery of medicines from manufacturers to pharmacies, hospitals, long-term care facilities, and others based on prescriptions from licensed physicians. We don't make medicines, market medicines, prescribe medicines, or dispense them to consumers.

Given our role, the idea that distributors are solely responsible for the number of opioid prescriptions written defies common sense and lacks understanding of how the pharmaceutical supply chain actually works and how it is regulated.



We are ready to have a serious conversation about solving a complex problem and are eager to work with political leaders and all stakeholders in finding forward-looking solutions."

AmerisourceBergen, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, and Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., also involved in the suit, provided Houston Public Media with statements:

Janssen Pharmaceuticals: Responsibly used opioid-based pain medicines give doctors and patients important choices to help manage the debilitating effects of chronic pain. At the same time, we recognize opioid abuse and addiction is a serious public health issue that must be addressed. We believe the allegations in lawsuits against our company are both legally and factually unfounded. Janssen has acted in the best interests of patients and physicians with regard to its opioid pain medicines, which

are FDA-approved and carry FDA-mandated warnings about possible risks on every product label. According to independent surveillance data, Janssen opioid pain medicines consistently have some of the lowest rates of abuse among these medications, and since 2008 the volume of Janssen opioid products always has amounted to less than one percent of the total prescriptions written per year for opioid medications, including generics. Addressing opioid abuse will require collaboration among many stakeholders and we will continue to work with federal, state and local officials to support solutions.- William Foster, spokesperson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

AmerisourceBergen: AmerisourceBergen and other wholesale drug distributors are responsible for getting FDA-approved drugs from pharmaceutical manufacturers to DEA-registered pharmacies, based on prescriptions written by licensed doctors and health care providers. Our role in doing so is quite widespread across different therapies with the distribution of opioid-based products constituting less than two percent of our sales. We are dedicated to doing everything within our power as a distributor to mitigate the diversion of these drugs without interfering with clinical decisions made by doctors, who interact directly with patients and decide what treatments are most appropriate for their care. Beyond our reporting and immediate halting of tens of thousands of potentially suspicious orders, we refuse service to customers we deem as a diversion risk and provide daily reports to the DEA that detail the quantity, type, and the receiving pharmacy of every single order of these products that we distribute. We are committed to collaborating with all stakeholders, including in Texas, on ways to combat opioid abuse



A SERVICE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd.: Teva is committed to the appropriate use of opioid medicines, and we recognize the critical public health issues impacting communities across the U.S. as a result of illegal drug use as well as the misuse and abuse of opioids that are available legally by prescription. To that end, we take a multi-faceted approach to this complex issue; we work to educate communities and healthcare providers on appropriate medicine

use and prescribing, we comply closely with all relevant federal and state regulations regarding these medicines, and, through our R&D pipeline, we are developing non-opioid treatments that have the potential to bring relief to patients in chronic pain. Teva offers extensive resources for prescribers, patients and pharmacists regarding the responsible pain management and prevention of prescription drug abuse. Teva also collaborates closely with other stakeholders, including providers and prescribers, regulators, public health officials and patient advocates, to understand how to prevent prescription drug abuse without sacrificing patients' needed access to pain medicine.

Marc Fleming, Assistant Professor of Pharmaceutical Health Outcomes and Policy at the University of Houston College of Pharmacy, said while there is an issue in Harris County, there's responsibility and blame all around.

"From a societal stand point, to the individual patients, to unscrupulous doctors that enable these patients with unethical prescribing of these medications," said Fleming.



Marc Fleming, Assistant Professor of Pharmaceutical Health Outcomes and Policy at the University of Houston College of Pharmacy, said responsibility and blame reaches further than only the pharmaceutical companies.

Fleming also said there are many factors contributing to opioid abuse; one being lyrics to popular songs referencing prescription medica-"These medications are commonly talked about

in some of these lyrics, and so forth." said Fleming. "One of my concerns is that we have a generation of kids that has grown up very accustomed to taking medications. So there's nothing taboo, for this generation, about taking a medication.

County, it would be best spent in rehabilitation, and other alternatives to help pain management; like yoga and physical therapy. "Does your insurance cover that? Typically

Fleming said if damages are awarded to Harris

not," said Fleming. "How are you going to pay for that? These are things that are not being ad-Lawyers say a trial date could come in the next

year.(Courtesy www.houstonpublicmedia.org/ articles/news)

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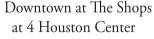
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Li-Min Hwang, M.D., M.P.H. OB/GYN Cantonese & **Taiwanese** Clear Lake Clinic Pasadena Clinic

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Dr. Hwang is certified by the American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology. He earned his undergraduate and medical degree from the National Taiwan University College of Medicine in Taipei. He completed residency programs at National Taiwan University Hospital and St. Luke's Hospital, Bethlehem, Penn. In addition, he earned a postgraduate degree of Master of Public Health in maternal and child health from the prestigious Johns Hopkins University School of Hygiene and Public Health in Baltimore, Md. He is a member of the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, Texas Medical Association and Harris County Medical Society.

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BUSINESS

WASHINGTON — The Supreme Court agreed Friday to decide if states should be able to collect taxes on internet sales, which would generate billions in revenue for local governments, but also raise the cost of online shopping for consumers.

Just over a quarter-century ago, the court ruled that a state could not force mail order catalog companies to collect sales taxes unless they had a physical presence in the state. Led by South Dakota, 36 states want the court to take another look at the issue, arguing that the 1992 decision was issued "before Amazon was even selling books out of Jeff Bezos's garage."

Part of the court's logic was that it would be too difficult for mail order companies to compute the widely varying tax rates among, and even within, the 50 states.

But lawyers for South Dakota said that's no longer an issue in the digital age. "Advances in computing have made it easy for retailers to collect different states' sales taxes," they wrote in a court brief.

Internet companies "can instantly tailor their marketing and overnight delivery of hundreds of thousands of products to individual customers based on their IP addresses. These companies can surely calculate sales tax from a zip code," the state said.



U.S. Supreme Court Building in Washington, D.C

The states also said the current ban on internet sales taxes puts brick-and-mortar retailers, who have to collect sales taxes, at a disadvantage. Congress has considered a plan to allow states to collect taxes on purchases made by their residents through out-of-state companies, but no legislation has passed.

Lawyers for the states said they're losing nearly \$34 billion a year because of the physical presence rule, though estimates from the federal Government Accountability Office said the figure is much smaller.

The case came to the Supreme Court after South Dakota passed an Internet tax law in 2016. Hoping to launch a legal battle that would lead the Supreme Court to reconsider its 1992 decision, the state sued out-of-state Internet retailers. Bound by the earlier ruling. the South Dakota supreme court ruled against

In response, the internet companies said col-

Supreme Court Agrees To Consider Internet Sales Taxes

Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, Southern Daily Editor

rulings protecting the free flow of interstate

commerce from overreaching state tax laws."

The National Retail Federation, which rep-

resents both internet and brick-and-mortar

sellers, said Friday it welcomed the Supreme

"Unfortunately, antiquated sales tax collec-

tion rules have resulted in an uneven playing

field that's making it harder for Main Street

retailers to compete in today's digital econ-

omy. This is a basic question about fairness,

which all of our members deserve whether

they're selling in stores or online," federation

president Matthew Shay said in a statement.

(Courtesy https://www.nbcnews.com/poli-

U.S. Supreme Court to Review

Bid to Collect Internet Sales

Tax

The U.S. Supreme Court will consider free-

ing state and local governments to collect

billions of dollars in sales taxes from online

retailers, agreeing to revisit a 26-year-old

ruling that has made much of the internet a

Heeding calls from traditional retailers and

dozens of states, the justices said they'll hear

South Dakota's contention that the 1992 rul-

ing is obsolete in the e-commerce era and

State and local governments could have col-

tax-free zone.

should be overturned.

Court's decision to take the case.



Online sales reach their peak during Christmas holidays. The Supreme Court could rule that these internet sales could be subject to sales tax. vince the Supreme Court to confirm its prior

lecting taxes is vastly more complicated and expensive than it was in 1992, because the number of local taxing entities has more than

States Where Amazon Collects Sales Taxes



They noted that Amazon, the nation's largest online retailer, now collects sales taxes for purchases made in every state, even though it has a physical presence in only a few. That's proof that "the 'problem' of uncollected taxes," the retailers involved in the case said in their court brief, "has proven to be largely self-correcting."

They urged the Supreme Court to stay out of the fight while Congress is considering what to do. The court will hear the case this spring. While Amazon is not affected by the suit, other online retailers including Overstock.com, home goods company Wayfair and electronics retailer Newegg, are part of the case.

Overstock.com said in a statement Friday that it "looks forward to the opportunity to confrom online merchants and other remote sellers, according to a report from the Government Accountability Office, Congress's nonpartisan audit and research agency. Other estimates are even higher. All but five states impose sales taxes. Online retailers Wayfair Inc., Overstock.com

lected up to \$13 billion more in 2017 if they'd

been allowed to require sales tax payments

Inc. and Newegg Inc. are opposing South Dakota in the court fight. Each collects sales taxes from customers in only some states.

The case will also affect Amazon.com Inc., though the biggest online retailer isn't directly involved. When selling its own inventory, Amazon charges sales tax in every state that imposes one, but about half of its sales involve goods owned by third-party merchants. For those items, the company says it's up to the sellers to collect any taxes, and many

The court probably will hear arguments in April with a ruling by the end of its ninemonth term in late June.



'Physical Presence'

The high court's 1992 Quill v. North Dakota ruling, which involved a mail-order company, said retailers can be forced to collect taxes only in states where the company has a "physical presence." The court invoked the so-called dormant commerce clause, a judge-created legal doctrine that bars states from interfering with interstate commerce unless authorized by Congress.

South Dakota passed its law in 2016 with an eye toward overturning the Quill decision. It requires retailers with more than \$100,000 in annual sales in the state to pay a 4.5 percent tax on purchases. Soon after enacting the law, the state filed suit and asked the courts to declare the measure constitutional.

"States' inability to effectively collect sales tax from internet sellers imposes crushing harm on state treasuries and brick-and-mortar retailers alike," South Dakota said in its Supreme Court appeal.

Wayfair, Overstock and Newegg said the court should reject the appeal and leave it to Congress to set the rules for online taxes.

Expressing Doubts

"If Quill is overruled, the burdens will fall primarily on small and medium-size companies whose access to a national market will be stifled," the companies argued. "Congress can address this issue in a balanced and comprehensive manner through legislation."

Those supporting South Dakota at the high court include 35 other states, as well as lawmakers who say they've been trying for years to get Congress to address the issue.

Overturning Quill would mean "leveling the playing field for businesses who are employing people on Main Street," Senator Heidi Heitkamp, a North Dakota Democrat, said in an interview. Heitkamp was North Dakota's tax commissioner during its unsuccessful fight for taxing power in the Quill case.

National Retail Federation

The National Retail Federation, which represents both brick-and-mortar and Internet-only sellers, said it was encouraged by the court's decision to get involved. "We are hopeful it will lead to a positive outcome that reflects the realities of 21st century commerce," the trade group's president, Matthew Shay, said in a

Three current justices -- Clarence Thomas,

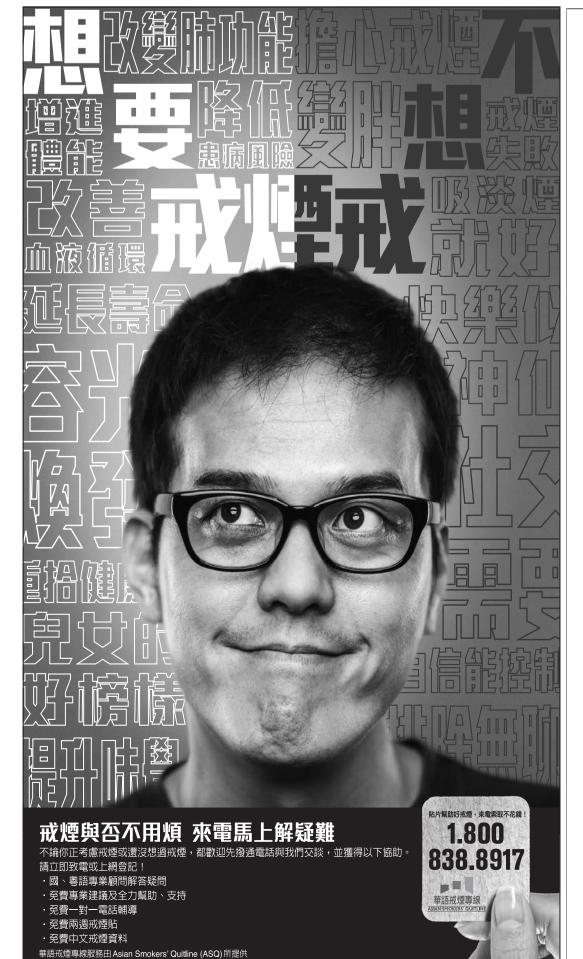
statement.

still correct."

Neil Gorsuch and Anthony Kennedy -- have expressed doubts about Quill. Kennedy said in 2015 that Quill had produced a "startling revenue shortfall" in many states, as well as "unfairness" to local retailers and their customers. "A case questionable even when decided, Quill now harms states to a degree far greater than could have been anticipated earlier," Kennedy wrote. "It should be left in place only if a powerful showing can be made that its rationale is

Gorsuch, the newest Supreme Court justice, suggested skepticism about Quill as an appeals court judge. And Thomas has said he would jettison the entire dormant commerce clause, saving "it has no basis in the Constitution and has proved unworkable in practice."

Amazon backs a nationwide approach that would relieve retailers from dealing with a patchwork of state laws. Amazon once relied on the Quill ruling and didn't collect sales tax at all: the company gradually changed its position as it built warehouses all over the country, giving it a greater physical presence in multiple states. The case is South Dakota v. Wayfair, 17-494. The case is South Dakota v. Wayfair. (Courtesy https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles)



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