

Trump fires new volley in war of words with Biden over China

(Reuters) - President Donald Trump's re-election campaign plans to roll out a new advertisement targeting Democratic opponent Joe Biden's record on China in must-win states for November's election, doubling down on a tough-on-China argument that helped his successful 2016 campaign.

U.S. President Donald Trump speaks about the coronavirus response during a meeting with New Jersey Governor Phil Murphy in the Oval Office at the White House in Washington, U.S., April 30, 2020. REUTERS/Carlos Barria

Biden and his campaign have been unloading ads accusing Trump of weakness on China and conducted a series of local television interviews in swing states like Michigan, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin, lambasting what they see as the Republican president's botched handling of the coronavirus pandemic that started in China but has now killed more than 60,000 people in the United States.

In its most incendiary language yet, an aide from the Biden campaign told Reuters that Trump's handling of the crisis had led to scores of U.S. deaths.

"How does the Trump campaign defend the worst failure of presidential leadership in modern history that costs thousands of Americans their lives?" said TJ Ducklo, Biden's campaign spokesman.

Trump's campaign is fighting back. A new, nearly two-minute video that the campaign is set to release on Thursday celebrates Trump's decisions to ban most travel from China and Europe during the coronavirus outbreak.

The new Trump ad, seen by Reuters ahead of its release, also attacks Biden for earlier remarks that travel bans are not effective against the virus and for calling Trump "xenophobic" and "fear-mongering."



FILE PHOTO: Democratic U.S. presidential candidate and former Vice President Joe Biden speaks at the 11th Democratic candidates debate of the 2020 U.S. presidential campaign in Washington

A Trump campaign aide said they plan to invest "five figures" behind the digital advertisement and to focus on the same swing state regions where Biden conducts interviews with local television outlets but did not specify particular locations.

The tit-for-tat arguments offer a preview of a major front of the Nov. 3 election battle: Who can be tougher with China. Trump's campaign is mining Biden's near-

ly five-decade record as a senator, vice president and presidential candidate for fodder for attacks related to China.

Biden's allies have welcomed the fight, arguing that Trump trusted China's response, allowing the rapid spread of the novel coronavirus, despite global concerns that Beijing was not being transparent over the extent of the crisis.

Political action committees allied with both campaigns have also been bolstering the attacks with ads of their own. Some of the Trump-friendly ads cast Biden as friendly to China's ruling Communist Party, while the Biden-backing spots portray Trump as too trusting of the Chinese during the early stages of the outbreak.

Stay Safe!

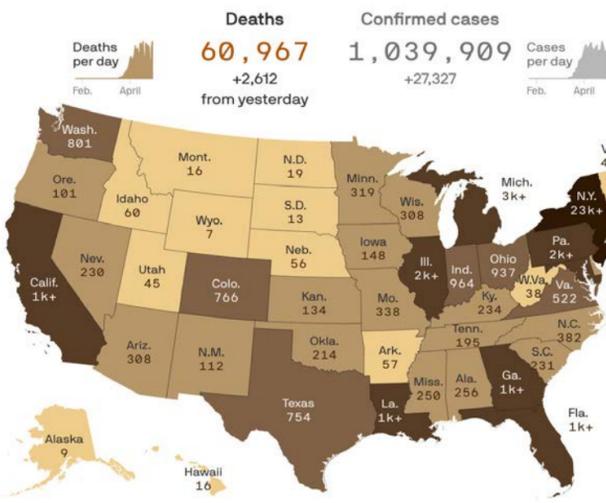
BUSINESS

Wash Your Hands!

U.S. CORONAVIRUS WEEKLY OVERVIEW

COVID-19 deaths in the U.S.

As of April 29, 11pm EDT



Editor's Choice



A general view shows an intensive care unit bed with a special artificial respiration device where patients with the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) could be treated in Hanau



Flight attendants photograph a plane landing at Reagan National Airport during the coronavirus crisis while on a layover in Washington, U.S., April 29, 2020. REUTERS/Kevin Lamarque REFILE - REMOVING NAMES AND AIRLINE REFERENCE TPX IMAGES OF THE DAY



Artists wearing coronavirus-shaped helmets and protective suits walk on a street as they request people to stay at home during an extended lockdown to slow the spread of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in New Delhi, India, April 30, 2020. REUTERS/Adnan Abidi TPX IMAGES OF THE DAY



U.S. Vice President Mike Pence visits the General Motors Components Holding Plant that is manufacturing ventilators, in Kokomo



A health worker uses an infrared thermometer to measure the temperature of a labourer at the construction site of a residential building during a nationwide lockdown to slow the spreading of coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in Ahmedabad, India, April 30, 2020. REU-



A boy is seen near to prepared food packages to be distributed to poor families during the holy month of Ramadan, following the outbreak of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19), in Tehran, Iran, April 30, 2020. WANA (West Asia News Agency)/Ali Khara via REUTERS ATTENTION



A salesperson greets the audience as she gets her hair done during a live-streaming session inside a clothing store at a tourist attraction ahead of the Labour Day holiday, following the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak, in Yongzhou, Hunan province, China April 29, 2020. Picture taken April 29, 2020. China Daily via



Medical personnel demonstrates outside the Molinette hospital over the lack of personal protection equipment for workers dealing with the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in Turin, Italy, April 30, 2020. REUTERS/Massimo Pinca TPX IMAGES OF THE DAY

Rhetoric At High Levels Has Fueled Ill Will Nationally

FBI Warns Of Possible Surge In Hate Crimes Against Asian Americans



Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, Southern Daily Editor

Federal law enforcement has warned of an increase in hate crimes against Asian Americans as the coronavirus crisis continues to grow, according to a new FBI analysis obtained by ABC News.

"The FBI assesses hate crime incidents against Asian Americans likely will surge across the United States, due to the spread of coronavirus disease ... endangering Asian American communities," according to the intelligence report, which was compiled by the FBI's Houston office and distributed to local law enforcement agencies across the country. "The FBI makes this assessment based on the assumption that a portion of the US public will associate COVID-19 with China and Asian American populations."

The contagion that has left much of the nation in near-lockdown and caused thousands of deaths globally began late last year in the region of Wuhan in eastern China. Since then, many Americans, including President Donald Trump and other political leaders and media commentators, have adopted the practice of calling the ailment the "China virus" or some other variant that makes reference to China or Wuhan, rather than "corona-

virus" or "COVID-19," the terms used by federal health officials and in the FBI analysis. The rhetoric, critics say, has fueled ill will and has led some people to act out against Asian Americans.



Trump has defended his language, explaining that it's simply a way of reminding people from where the virus emanated. He has also denied the term is racist or that the term maligns people of Asian heritage.

"It did come from China," Trump said at a White House briefing Tuesday. "It is a very accurate term."

Two days later the president said, "We have to protect our Asian Americans," echoing a tweet from earlier in the week in which he said the coronavirus was "NOT their fault in any way, shape, or form." At a White House briefing Thursday the president could not point to any

specific measures he was taking to protect the Asian American community.

The analysis noted there has already been a surge in reports of hate crimes and lists a series of incidents from Los Angeles to New York to Texas.

Medical workers protests outside Elmhurst Hospital Center, in the Queens borough of New York City, on March 26, 2020.



Medical workers outside Elmhurst Hospital Center, in the Queens borough of New York City, on March 26, 2020. The hospital reported 13 COVID-19 patients died in a 24-hour span. Angela Weiss/AFP via Getty Images

Statistics show that the Asian population in the U.S. grew by 72% between 2000 and 2015, making it the fastest-growing ethnic group in the country, according to the Pew Research Center. Gregg Orton, national director of the National Council of Asian Pacific Americans, told ABC News the intelligence document "is an indication of how serious the problem is. We need to stop dismissing this. It's easy to dismiss racism when it doesn't impact you."



Orton said he and his colleagues expect a continue uptick in incidents and he stressed how the matter is not minor. "This is people's safety and it's affecting their lives," he said. "Maybe it is China's fault or the [Chinese] government's fault," Orton said of the spread of the virus throughout and then out of

China. "There will be a time and place for that conversation. But right now we're in the thick of this and we have to be mindful of the language we're using." (Courtesy abcnews.go.com)

Related

Trump Uses Term For COVID-19 That Advocacy Groups Say Is Connected To Anti-Asian Bias

President Donald Trump attempted to focus blame for the spread of the novel coronavirus onto China this week by using a name for the virus that advocacy groups say has been associated with dozens of bias incidents against Asian Americans.

The president in a tweet on Monday started calling COVID-19 the "China Virus," repeating the term on Twitter and to reporters over the next two days. He said he started using the phrase to counter Chinese misinformation that the U.S. military initially spread the virus, a conspiracy theory not borne out by evidence.

"China was putting out information, which was false, that our military gave this to them, that was false," Trump said at a press conference on Tuesday. "And rather than having an argument, I said I have to call it where it came from. It did come from China. It is a very accurate term."



The World Health Organization, though, said in 2015 that geographic locations "should be avoided" when naming infectious diseases, in order to avoid "stigmatizing certain communities or economic sectors." Disease names can "provoke a backlash against members of particular religious or ethnic communities," a WHO official noted at the time, and the organization noted amid the current pandemic that certain names "can have unintended consequences in terms of creating unnecessary fear for some populations." Asian American groups in the United States said that term "Chinese virus" -- and others like it -- has been associated with some of the reported incidents of discrimination against Asian Americans nationwide connected to COVID-19.

There have been physical assaults reported in New York, vandalism in California, and many more incidents of name-calling and similar discrimination, according to the civil rights coalition Asian Americans Advancing Justice, which created a website where Asian Americans could report bias incidents related to COVID-19. (Courtesy https://abcnews.go.com/)

有了这些症状要注意 您家宝贝可能缺钙啦！

一直以来，狗狗喂养中的“补钙”问题是很多宠友比较关心的，尤其是幼犬，龙爸龙妈们生怕自家的小狗因为缺钙而患上某些疾病，今天，助手君就给大家说说“狗狗补钙”需要注意的方方面面。

哪些狗狗需要补钙？

1. 幼犬

如果狗狗出现肌肉无力、四肢力量差、食欲减退、消化不良、异食癖、逐渐消瘦、生长缓慢等症状，就要考虑它是否缺钙了。幼犬如果钙质长期补充不足，可能会出现肋骨外翻、前肢腕关节肘关节变形，小型犬容易出现“O”形腿。中大型犬尤其注意适量补钙了，狗狗的体型越大，生长速度越快，对钙质的需求量也越大，一般幼犬粮中所含的钙质很难满足它们生长的需要。如果您给狗狗喂的是自制的食物，那就更应该注意给它们及时补钙。

2. 成年犬

成年狗狗缺钙则一般表现为烦躁、潮热、易骨折、懒跑动等，症状和人类有些相似。

3. 特殊时期

种公狗和怀孕哺乳期的母犬就需要补充大量的钙质，因为精液、狗狗胚胎及乳汁都会导致钙从体内大量流失。产后哺乳期的母犬也需要补钙，产后狗狗的血钙浓度过低会引起急性产后缺钙，其症状为四肢抽搐，全身僵直，体温可升到40℃以上，甚至造成昏迷和死亡。

4. 老年犬

当你的狗狗逐渐步入晚年的时候，身体中的钙质流失量就会增加。这时应该饲喂老年犬粮，并人为地为它们补充钙质，同时保持一定的运动量，不然就会造成骨质疏松，增高骨刺和骨折的发病率。

狗狗缺钙的原因

狗狗缺钙的原因有很多，但归根结底就是狗狗身体能够吸收到的钙质远远小于其本身身体发育的需求量。

1、摄入量少：最普遍的情况就是狗狗日常饮食中所含钙质太少，无法满足狗狗的成长需求而造成缺钙，比如狗粮质量达不到标准、长期食用自制粮的狗狗；

2、钙质吸收差：狗狗食物中钙含量已经足够，但由于狗狗吸收功能差，如肠炎、食欲不好等，会导致狗狗因为吸收不好而造成缺钙；

3、钙质转化差：狗狗已经把食物中的钙吸收，但由于狗狗体内钙的转化不好，导致钙排出而缺钙。如狗狗长期喂食动物的肝脏，导致维生素A过剩，影响维生素D的吸收，会从而影响到钙的吸收。

狗狗如何正确补钙？

生活中狗狗可以获得钙营养来源的地方有很多。具体可以从哪些方面着手呢？

1、选择好的正确的狗粮，狗粮都是经过专家进行营养研究以后配置出来的，其中的营养成分涵盖了所有狗生长所需的营养。

2、补钙营养保健品。助手君强烈为您推荐一款专为宠物量身定制的高钙配方——谷登高钙片！

【谷登高钙片】含有丰富的钙元素，同时添加VD3、锰、锌、铜，帮助钙的吸收，减少钙的流失，此外还特别添



加了犬猫喜爱口味的羊奶粉，绝佳的风味为犬猫钙营养补充剂的升级产品。

3、平时多带狗狗出去运动和晒太阳。补充钙质要和晒太阳（紫外线）和适量的运动相结合，这样才会吸收利用的更好。

狗狗不会说话，它不能自己表达一些因为缺钙而带来的身体不适，这就需要主人及时发现并科学地给狗狗补钙。缺钙问题早发现早治疗，切莫等到狗狗有严重的跛蹄、O型腿、佝偻病等关节问题时再追悔。

四月就爱赏桃金娘 花蕊如同漫天星空，烂漫醉人！

有一种特别的植物，这种植物就做桃金娘，为什么它如此让人喜爱呢？因为它的花蕊实在是太漂亮了，每次开花都宛如漫天的星空点点散落在人间。

这些花蕊的颜色特别鲜亮，跟整个玫红花瓣的颜色对比特别明显，一粒一粒的小小黄点，就仿佛是天上的星辰一般，当风吹动的时候，这些花微微摆动，里面的花蕊也跟着轻轻颤动，着实是一番美景。

而且在秋天的时候，它还能够结出累累的硕果，这些小果实看起来圆乎乎的，而且颜色呈紫色，剥皮之后的味道也是异常的甜美。

因此有很多人特意在自家闲置的山坡上种上几棵，这样等它成熟的时候就能去采了，平时不用打药，这样采集的果实就是非常具有营养和天然健康的水果，在市面上大受欢迎。

除此之外还可以把它烘干之后制作成干果，价格也是比较贵的，也有很多人去买。那么如果大家对它的养护非常感兴趣的话，接下来就一起来学习一下吧。

一般来讲在国内的野生桃金娘的分布都是在中国的南部地区，因为它对环境还是比较挑剔的，如果我们在北方想养护的话，那么就不能直接种在室外

了。

尽量把它装在花盆里面放在室内进行养护，这样移动比较方便，能够随时将它放在环境最为适合的环境中，因此也能够正常生长。那么日常中它需要什么样的生活生长环境呢？

一、水分

关于它的生长，大家从它喜欢生长在南方就可以得知它是一种非常喜湿润的植物，如果我们养护时太过于干燥的话，那么是非常不利于它的生长的。

因此大家在日常养护的时候一定要特别注意水分的施加，首先的一点就是干透浇透，这一点对于它根系的安全健康来

说还是非常重要的，所以大家在浇水的时候一定要及时。

再有非常重要的一点就是及时喷洒一些水雾，如果没有那么多时间去喷洒的话，那么在旁边放上一个鱼缸或者是一盆水，如果能放一个加湿器也是可以。

当然大家在进行这一步的时候，一定要注意环境的通风，否则如果整个空间过于密闭的话，那么就会造成它的叶片脱落，以及虫害和病菌的侵蚀。

二、温度和光照

除了湿度就是温度了。它喜欢高湿环境，也喜欢高温的环境，因此现在的

时间段也正是它的养护好时机，正值开花的时候。

如果你所在地区的日夜温差比较大，那么在晚上尽量给它扣上一个塑料袋进行保温，而且冬天如果低于10摄氏度的话，那么它的生长会遭到巨大破坏，因此这一方面大家还是需要注意的。

除此之外，阳光也是一个非常重要的要点，在南方很多地区虽然说很热，但实际上光照却不是那么强烈，因此它能够正常生长。

那么大家平时有养护过桃金娘吗？你对于它的养护还有哪些心得，也可以在评论区里面和大家一起分享。