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Inside C2

# Southern DAILY Make Today Different

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## Inspired by Greta Thunberg, worldwide protest demands climate action



(Reuters) - Millions of young people flooded the streets of cities around the world on Friday to demand political leaders take urgent steps to stop climate change, uniting in a worldwide protest inspired by 16-year-old Swedish activist Greta Thunberg.

Alarmed by images of the Greenland ice sheets melting and the Amazon rain forests burning, students and workers abandoned schools, shops and offices in nearly every corner of the globe, aiming to stop what they see as a looming environmental catastrophe. The protests started in the Pacific islands, where rising sea levels threaten a way of life, and followed the sun across Australia, Japan, Southeast Asia and on to Europe, Africa, the Middle East and the Americas. The coordinated student "strike" culminated in New York's Wall Street, where some investors have embraced the fossil fuel industry.

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Massive crowds overwhelmed the streets of lower Manhattan, chanting "Save our planet!" while anticipating an address by Thunberg, an international figure who sailed across the Atlantic in an emissions-free yacht ahead of next week's climate summit at the United Nations.

"Right now we are the ones who are making a difference. If no one else will take action, then we will," Thunberg told tens of thousands of people gathered at a park with a view of the Statue of Liberty. Once she took the stage, the crowd chanted her name, then went silent to hang on her every word. As she paused between sentences, people erupted into applause.

"If you belong to that small group of people who feel threatened by us, then we have some very bad news for you. Because this is only the beginning. Change is coming whether they like it or not," she concluded.

Demonstrators in Paris raised a painting of Thunberg as the Virgin Mary, a halo around her head reading, "Our house is on fire."

"She's like the icon of our genera-

tion," New York protester Fiamma Cochrane, 17, said, highlighting the leadership role of young people in the international movement to reduce consumption of fossil fuels.

Four million people participated worldwide including 300,000 in New York, organizers with the anti-fossil fuels group 350.org said. Reuters could not verify the crowd sizes.

Sixteen year-old Swedish climate activist Greta Thunberg takes part in a demonstration as part of the Global Climate Strike in lower Manhattan in New York, U.S., September 20, 2019. REUTERS/Shannon Stapleton Concern has escalated since U.S. President Donald Trump abandoned the international Paris Accord on climate change and took a series of steps to dismantle environmental protections, including moving on Thursday to block stricter vehicle emissions standards in California. Trump and Brazilian President Jair Bolsonaro are among the world's only national leaders who publicly question the science of climate change, and they are not taking part in next week's U.N. climate summit.

Thousands gathered across Brazil to take aim at Bolsonaro, who they say is allowing the destruction of the Amazon rainforest to clear space for soy beans and cattle ranching. In August, fires there surged to their greatest level since 2010.

"The policy of the Bolsonaro government is the policy of environmental destruction and deepening the climate crisis ... this is why we're on strike," said Marcela Pimentel Miranda, an organizer for Youth for Climate's affiliate in Brasilia.

One protester in Sao Paulo held up a picture of Bolsonaro and Trump beneath the hand-written "Abolish fossil fools!"

Demonstrators in Thailand stormed the environment ministry and feigned death, while activists in Berlin and Munich stood on melting blocks of ice with nooses around their necks to symbolize the earth's fate when the polar ice caps melt.

Protesters in Warsaw staged a performance of people drowning in a sea of plastic waste.

"The planet is getting hotter than my imaginary boyfriend," read a poster held by a teenager in Thailand.

"Make love, not CO2" signs were spotted in Berlin and Vienna.

While Europeans filled the streets, students in the Solomon Islands gathered at the rising ocean water's edge wearing traditional grass skirts. The issue is vital to low-lying Pacific islands, which have repeatedly asked wealthier nations to do more to prevent rising sea levels.

Global warming caused by heat-trapping greenhouse gases from burning fossil fuels has already led to droughts and heat waves, melting glaciers, rising sea levels and floods, according to scientists.

"There is no Planet B," read a sign hoisted by a young woman in London

In Kenya, around 500 activists marched to demand that the government cancel plans for a coal plant and investigate corruption in hydropower dams.

"In Samburu there is a lot of heat, the grass has dried up, there is little water," said Francis Lentel, a young herdsman in traditional beads, holding a picture of the Earth weeping.

The protest movement is putting increasing pressure on governments and companies to respond.

German Chancellor Angela Merkel unveiled a new climate protection package thrashed out by parties in her coalition during all-night talks.

Private industry has also responded. Amazon.com Inc Chief Executive Officer Jeff Bezos on Thursday pledged to make the largest U.S. e-commerce company net carbon neutral by 2040.

Hundreds of workers from Google, Amazon and other technology companies on Friday criticized their industry for being slow to tackle climate change and joined marches in San Francisco and Seattle calling for action.

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# Hopes for trade breakthrough fade as China cancels U.S.

WASHINGTON/CHICAGO (Reuters) - A U.S.-China trade deal appeared elusive on Friday after Chinese officials unexpectedly canceled a visit to farms in Montana and Nebraska as deputy trade negotiators wrapped up two days of negotiations in Washington.

Chinese officials were expected to visit U.S. farmers next week as a goodwill gesture, but canceled to return to China sooner than originally scheduled, agriculture organizations from Montana and Nebraska said.

The United States had removed tariffs overnight from over 400 Chinese products in response to requests from U.S. companies.

The Chinese Embassy and the U.S. Department of Agriculture did not immediately respond to requests for comment.

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U.S., China held 'productive' talks, still plan October meeting: USTR

China agriculture delegation scraps U.S. farm visit to Montana

The U.S. Trade Representative's office issued a brief statement characterizing the two days as "productive" and that a principal-level trade meeting in Washington would take place in October as previously planned.

China's Commerce Ministry, in a brief statement, described the talks as "constructive", and said they had also had a good discussion on "detailed arrangements" for the high-level talks in October.

"Both sides agreed to continue to maintain communication on the relevant issues," it added, without elaborating.

Trade experts, executives and government officials in both countries say that even if the September and October talks produced an interim deal, the U.S.-China trade war has hardened into a political and ideological battle that runs far deeper than tariffs and could take years to resolve.

The Chinese delegation did not present any new proposals on core structural issues including intellectual property protections, forced technology transfers, industrial subsidies and other trade barriers, said a person briefed on the talks.

"The conclusion from the U.S. side was that we're not close to an agreement," the person said.

This source and another person familiar with the talks said that the Chinese delegation's leader, Vice Finance Minister Liao Min, laid out China's demands that any deal must remove all U.S. tariffs and be balanced so that it is not all concessions from Beijing and none from Washington.

The sources said that a lack of results from deputy meetings is not uncommon as they often are not authorized to make deals or present new offers.

The early October meeting will include the top trade negotiators: Chinese Vice Premier Liu He, U.S. Trade Representative Robert Lighthizer and U.S. Treasury Secretary Steven Mnuchin. It is expected to determine whether the world's two largest economies are starting to chart a path out of their 14-month trade war or headed for new and higher tariffs on each others' good. Cancellation of the Chinese agriculture visits, which were seen as potentially leading to in-



FILE PHOTO: Containers are seen at the Yangshan Deep Water Port in Shanghai, China August 6, 2019. REUTERS/Aly Song

creased purchases of U.S. soybeans and pork, caused Wall Street's main stock indexes to fall as early optimism about the talks faded.

Grain and soybean futures on the Chicago Board of Trade and livestock futures on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange also slumped. China is the world's largest pork market and the largest importer of soybeans.

**'COMPLETE DEAL'**  
Before the talks started, some reports had suggested that an interim deal

was being considered, involving Chinese purchases of U.S. farm goods, some improvements in Chinese market access and an easing of U.S. sanctions on Huawei Technologies Co Ltd

But U.S. President Donald Trump made clear on Friday that purchases would not be enough for him to end his punitive tariffs.

FILE PHOTO: Chinese and U.S. flags flutter near The Bund, before U.S. trade delegation meet their Chinese counterparts for talks in Shanghai, China July 30, 2019. REUTERS/Aly Song/File Photo

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## Editor's Choice



Environmental activist play dead as they participate in a Global Climate Strike near the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment office in Bangkok



Sixteen year-old Swedish climate activist Greta Thunberg carries a sign onto the stage at the Global Climate Strike in lower Manhattan in New York, U.S., September 20, 2019. REUTERS/Lucas Jackson TPX IMAGES OF THE DAY



Girls dressed in "Hanfu", or Han clothing, prepare for an event to mark the traditional Qixi festival, the Chinese equivalent of Valentine's Day, at a park in Beijing, China, August 7, 2019. Picture taken August 7, 2019. REUTERS/Jason Lee



An activist takes part in a performance during an environmental demonstration, part of the Global Climate Strike, in Warsaw, Poland September 20, 2019. Maciek Jazwiecki/Agencja Gazeta via REUTERS ATTENTION EDITORS - THIS IMAGE HAS BEEN SUPPLIED BY A THIRD PARTY



Women react during a demonstration to protest against violence towards women at Sol Square in Madrid, Spain, September 20, 2019. REUTERS/Juan Medina TPX IMAGES OF THE DAY



Canada's PM Trudeau speaks during an election campaign stop in Toronto



Senior leaders assigned to the U.S. Army's 3rd Brigade, 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault), participate in a training during a tactical leader's exercise at Eglin Air Force Base



A demonstrator holds a banner, during an anti-Brexit protest, outside the Houses of Parliament in London

Sometime soon, millions of people may find themselves unwittingly involved in a test that could profoundly change their daily routines, local economies and civic lives. They'll have to figure out how to keep up with City Hall, their neighborhoods and their kids' schools — as well as store openings, new products and sales — without a 170-year-old staple of daily life: a local newspaper.

At least one city — possibly San Francisco, Miami, Minneapolis or Cleveland — likely will soon lose its last daily newspaper, analysts say. And it "could be a lot more widespread than people have been predicting," says Mike Simonton, who tracks media debt for Fitch Ratings.

It's hard to ignore that possibility as the pace of newspaper closings accelerates.

Starting Wednesday, Hearst's 146-year-old Seattle Post-Intelligencer survives as a scaled-down online publication offering mostly commentary. That leaves The Seattle Times as the city's only major paper-and-ink daily.

Gannett gei, parent of USA TODAY, may shutter the 140-year-old Tucson Citizen, which competes with the Arizona Daily Star, if a buyer can't be found.

Last month, E.W. Scripps spp closed the Rocky Mountain News, leaving The Denver Post as the city's sole major daily.

Are these symptoms of a miserable economy that's pulverizing a handful of high-profile papers, including some owned by companies with unusually crushing debt loads? Or have we reached a tipping point where advertisers and readers are flocking so quickly to digital media that most of the nation's 1,400 dailies may end up in the morgue?

Industry watchers aren't sure, although some say it's too early to start hanging crepe. "Publishers and journalists have become their own worst enemy," says Robert Picard, a media economics scholar who edits the Journal of Media Business Studies. "They are running around arguing that the sky is falling. And they're making the situation appear far worse than it is."

About 80% of newspaper revenue comes from advertising, and the Newspaper Association of America expects those sales to drop 9.7% in 2009 to \$34.2 billion, after falling 16.5% in 2008.

"Advertising has fallen off a cliff," says Randy Bennett, senior vice president of business development at the NAA. "The question is how much of that will come back when things pick up again. And the expecta-

tion is, certainly not all of it."

#### **Business models**

Almost everyone agrees that newspapers must reinvent their business models. Experiments include The New York Times' plan to enlist journalism students to help cover some neighborhoods in Brooklyn and New Jersey. The East Valley Tribune in Mesa, Ariz., recently began to offer free home delivery four days a week to neighborhoods with families that appeal to advertisers.

Some experts say that it's time to consider extraordinary measures, including government bailouts, to ensure that no community has its newsrooms go dark.

"We need to view journalism in the same way that we view libraries and public schools, as absolutely essential to any prospering community," says Theodore Glasser, professor of communications at Stanford University. "A lot of good stuff is published by newspapers so that public officials see it and act accordingly. That's the power of the press. And that's the first thing being cut."

Others say not to worry: The Internet and the market will empower professional journalists, bloggers and interest groups to independently provide all the local news anyone could want.

"There's going to be an ecosystem, a network of different players involved in news for different reasons," says Jeff Jarvis, who runs the City University of New York's interactive journalism program.

Traditional newspapers won't be part of the mix, though: They "aren't willing to cannibalize and disrupt themselves,"

## Newspaper Closings Raise Fears About Industry

Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, Southern Daily Editor



Jarvis says, "It's too late. ... It's going to be a post-Armageddon rebuilding."

Over the past few months:

- The Detroit Free Press and The Detroit News announced plans to cut home delivery to three days a week beginning March 30 and urged readers to go online to follow the news on other days.

- Virtually every major newspaper announced staff cuts. McClatchy mni—which owns The Miami Herald, The Kansas City Star and the Fort Worth Star-Telegram—said in February that it would slash 15% of its workforce, on top of a 10% cut late last year. "By the end of 2009, a quarter of all the newsroom jobs that existed in 2001 will be gone," the Pew Project for Excellence in Journalism said this week in its annual "The State of the News Media" report.

- Those keeping their jobs have seen salaries cut. Gannett required virtually all employees to take a one-week unpaid furlough in the first quarter.

- Publicly traded publishers collectively lost about 39% of their market value since Jan. 1, underperforming the benchmark Standard & Poor's 500 index, which is down 16.5%.

Looked at another way, the \$5.4 billion that Rupert Murdoch paid in 2007 for Wall Street Journal parent Dow Jones nwsa could buy Gannett, McClatchy, New York Times Co. nyt, Washington Post Co. wpo, A.H. Belo ahc and E.W. Scripps with about \$750 million to spare, based on current values.

- Publishers in Philadelphia and Minneapolis as well as the Journal Register, a chain in the northeast and

Michigan, filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection. That followed a similar filing in December by Tribune Co., publisher of Chicago Tribune, Los Angeles Times and The Sun in Baltimore.

#### **Double-digit profit margins**

Tough times? You bet. But one has to imagine an epic social and economic transformation to conclude that the newspaper industry is at death's door.

Nearly half of all adults read a newspaper every day and spent \$10.5 billion last year to do so. The average newspaper generates about a 10% profit margin.

"It's not the 20% to 30% they were enjoying several years ago," Bennett says. "But it's still an enviable profit margin for many businesses."

That's overlooked with all of the attention on large local papers that are especially vulnerable to the soft economy.

Advertisers in big cities have plenty of options to reach consumers, and newspapers are one of the most expensive. They typically charge about \$25 for every 1,000 people who might see an ad covering one-third of a page. That's a lot more than the cost to reach a similar audience via radio, magazines, billboards and websites. Advertisers outside of big cities have far fewer alternatives. As a result, "Smaller-market newspapers are in better financial shape," Bennett says.

Most large publishers also are straining to pay off heavy debt they took on before the economy fell into a tailspin.



Lynch analyst Lauren Rich Fine, now at Kent State University. "There are different ways to (report the news) and not be so hard on yourself if you get it wrong."

It's hard to predict how many people want local news enough to pay a price that, as ad sales shrink, could be much higher than now — or to pay any fee to read stories online, where most papers now offer them free. "If you look at public radio and the troubles their outlets have raising money for public affairs journalism, it might give you pause," says James Hamilton, who runs Duke University's DeWitt Wallace Center for Media and Democracy.

Before about 1840, when the Penny Press turned newspapers into an inexpensive mass medium, 15% of the population spent the equivalent in today's dollars of as much as \$4 a day for a newspaper, Picard says.



Digital media evangelists say the future will be much different. About 85% of a newspaper's costs go to things such as presses, paper, ink and trucks. Without those costs, even modest ad sales could support lots of people to provide local news and information without charge.

"There's a market demand for quality journalism and reporting," Jarvis says. What's the evidence? "Based on democracy. Based on the intelligence of the audience. Based on the fact that my son reads more news than ever. Based on the fact that we need it."

Some journalists agree, working with non-profit online publications including Voiceofsandiego.org, the St. Louis Beacon and Minneapolis' MinnPost.com<sup>1</sup>.

Several former Rocky Mountain News employees plan to start InDenverTimes.com in May if they can persuade 50,000 people to pay \$4.99 a month for a year.

Glasser doubts that such ventures can compensate for the loss of newspaper newsrooms. "I've seen nothing in the blogosphere that provides the sustained, systematic coverage that a good newsroom provides. Not even close," he says.

If he's right, then the consequences from current trends could be ugly.

"We'll know if things don't work out if there's an increase in corruption," Hamilton says. "When the watchdog goes away, what happens? That's the experiment we're starting to run." (Courtesy abcnews.go.com)

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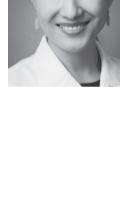
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Most Americans have filed their income taxes by midnight Monday, April 15, and employers will report their payroll taxes later this month. But companies that have replaced or expanded their flesh-and-blood staff with robots will get a free pass.

**What's new:** Amid fears of automation-fueled job loss, a once-fringe debate is exploding into public view: Why don't we tax the bots?

**The big picture:** For over a century and a half, the United States has taxed income, first to fund war and later to build up the country's coffers. But now, some experts say it's time to reevaluate who — or what — should be taxed.

**\*The idea is** to use money raised from companies carrying out automation to help retrain or support people who lose their jobs because of it.

**\*Among the robot levy's most ardent — and improbable — supporters is Bill Gates,** who in a 2017 interview said robots should be taxed "at a similar level" to the humans it replaced, even if that slows the speed of automation.

**\*Pumping the brakes** will give policymakers more time to counteract potential unemployment, proponents argue.

"It's a bit like polluting the environment," says James Manyika, director of the McKinsey Global Institute. Companies will choose cheap, dirty fossil fuels over clean energy unless there are incentives not to — just like they'll likely choose to automate away jobs.



**Detractors, however, say a tax could** stall innovation at a time when China is unwaveringly pushing to dominate AI and robotics.

In a report last week, the Information Technology and Innovation Foundation, a think tank, argued that the robot tax would slow GDP and wage growth.

•ITIF president Rob Atkinson instead

## Robots May Be Taxed In The Future To Fund Human Services

### Experts Consider Taxing Robots To Pay For The Jobs They Took



(Photo/Getty Images)

Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, Southern Daily Editor



called for a tax credit for investing in robots, calling predictions of job loss from automation overblown.

#### Related

#### Why robots should be taxed if they take people's jobs

Bill Gates says governments could use a robot tax to fund human services – it would also help remedy income inequality

The idea of a tax on robots was raised last May in a draft report to the European parliament prepared by MEP Mady Delvaux from the committee on legal affairs. Emphasising how robots could boost inequality, the report proposed that there might be a "need to introduce corporate reporting requirements on the extent and proportion of the contribution of robotics and AI to the economic results of a company for the purpose of taxation and social security contributions".

A tax on robots might provide revenues to finance retraining schemes for displaced workers. (Photo/Reuters)

The public reaction to Delvaux's proposal has been overwhelmingly negative, with the notable exception of Bill Gates, who endorsed it. But we should not dismiss the idea out of hand. In just the past year, we have seen the proliferation of devices such as Google Home and Amazon Echo Dot (Alexa), which replace some aspects of household help. Likewise, the Delphi and nuTonomy driverless taxi services in Singapore have started to replace taxi drivers. And Doordash, which uses Starship Technologies miniature self-driving vehicles, is replacing restaurant delivery people.

If these and other labor-displacing innovations succeed, surely calls to tax them will grow more frequent, owing to the human problems that arise when people lose their jobs — often jobs with which they closely identify, and for which they may have spent years preparing. Optimists point out that there have always been new jobs for people replaced by technology, but, as the robot revolution accelerates, doubts about how well this will work out continue to grow. A tax on robots, its advocates hope, might slow down the process, at least temporarily, and provide revenues to finance adjustment, like retraining programs for displaced workers.

If the robots are coming for our jobs, make sure they pay their taxes

—John Naughton

Such programmes may be as essential as our work is to healthy human life as we know it. In his book Rewarding Work, Edmund S Phelps emphasized the fundamental importance of maintaining a "place in society — a

calling". When many people are no longer able to find work to support a family, troubling consequences ensue, and, as Phelps stresses, "the functioning of the entire community may be impaired". In other words, there are externalities to robotisation that justify some government intervention.

Critics of a robot tax have emphasized that the ambiguity of the term "robot" makes defining the tax base difficult. The critics also stress the new robotics' enormous, undeniable benefits to productivity growth. But let's not rule out so quickly at least modest robot taxes during the transition to a different world of work. Such a tax should be part of a broader plan to manage the consequences of the robotics revolution.



Robots won't just take our jobs — they'll make the rich even richer

Discussion of a robot tax should consider what alternative we have to deal with rising inequality. It would be natural to consider a more progressive income tax and a "basic income". But these measures do not have widespread popular support. If support is not widespread, the tax, even if imposed, will not last.

So, taxes must be reframed to remedy income inequality induced by robotisation. It may be more politically acceptable, and thus sustainable, to tax the robots rather than just the high-income people. And while this would not tax individual human success, as income taxes do, it might in fact imply somewhat higher taxes on higher incomes, if high incomes are earned in activities that involve replacing humans with robots.

A moderate tax on robots, even a temporary tax that merely slows the adoption of disruptive technology, seems a natural component of a policy to address rising inequality. Revenue could be targeted towards wage insurance, to help people replaced by new technology make the transition to a different career. This would accord with our natural sense of justice, and thus be likely to endure. (Courtesy of guardian.com)



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由古天樂領銜主演，爾冬升監制、馮詰強編劇及執導，張繼聰、宣萱、顏卓靈、姜皓文、薛凱琪、譚耀文、安志傑、凌文龍、李璨琛等主演的犯罪匪匪電影《犯罪現場》將於10月12日全國上映。在早先曝光的幕後特輯當中，古天樂會透露影片的特別之處，“現在很少有警匪片會以匪徒為出發點。……這部電影，是案中有案的。”海報中，作為劫匪Boss的汪新元（古天樂飾）手持槍械沖在最前面，而其他劫匪弟兄則各司其職，或持槍對峙，或搶巨額珠寶。但此刻的他們渾然不知，壹場危機四

伏的殺戮即將發生。

電影《犯罪現場》講述了心狠手辣的犯罪團夥頭目汪新元與同夥在壹場珠寶店搶劫案中造成多人傷亡。兩個月後，他的同黨被人割喉謀殺，慘死屋內。以分贓不均陷入內鬥為由，警察將汪新元列為頭號嫌疑人。隨著小警官林法梁（張繼聰飾）深入調查，發現案件真相並不簡單。

在徐糠（吳浩康飾）被殺的犯罪現場，唯一“目擊證人”鸚鵡歪頭看著即將幹涸的血跡，警察林法梁、少梅（顏卓靈飾）和葉守正（姜皓文飾）等人則眉頭緊鎖若

有所思，各自心中都有認定的兇手。警察陣容當中的雀鳥專家（劉心悠飾）能否協助警匪通過鸚鵡找到真兇？

時隔十八年再次與古天樂合作的宣萱，在《犯罪現場》中飾演的是女房東JOY丁喜悅，身處平民陣營的她與末路劫匪汪新元有多場對手戲，不同陣營的兩人又會擦出怎樣的火花？而護衛何兆東（安志傑飾）、楊見珊（薛凱琪飾）、牛肉佬姚笙（譚耀文飾）等人神情嚴肅的望向前方，他們又與案件有怎樣千絲萬縷的聯繫？犯罪匪匪電影《犯罪現場》10月12日登陸全國院線。

古天樂在今年已上映了五部電影後，終於呈現了壹個不太壹樣的反派。在《犯罪現場》“亦正亦邪”版預告片中可以看到，與壹壞到底的常規反派角色不同，古天樂飾演的悍匪汪新元身上混雜著許多極致卻矛盾的性格。

作為周星馳和杜琪峰的禦用編劇之一，導演兼編劇的馮詰強為影片中的人物註入了更多的感情，使其形象變得更加豐滿。在警方眼中，汪新元是制造多起劫案的匪幫頭目，為人兇殘、無惡不作。而對於跟他出生入死十幾年的兄弟們，他則是有擔當重義氣的“元哥”，可以為兄弟扛下所有罪名，當兄弟接連慘死他可以不顧一切追查真兇，甚至冒險接近警察。

更令人驚喜的是，在汪新元與女房東JOY丁喜悅（宣萱飾）相處後，似乎被她開朗善良的性格所感染，漸漸能展露笑容，心態上甚至產生了極大的轉變，想結束之前的所有罪孽，回歸正常生活“睡個好覺”。“人，可能會做好事，也可能會犯罪”，在警匪類型片的表面下，古天樂此次將更深層次地展現復雜的角色與人性。

據悉，《犯罪現場》講述了心狠手辣的犯罪團夥頭目汪新元（古天樂飾）與同夥在壹場珠寶店搶劫案中造成多人傷亡。兩個月後，他的同黨被人割喉謀殺，慘死屋內。以分贓不均陷入內鬥為由，警察將汪新元列為頭號嫌疑人。隨著小警官林法梁（張繼聰飾）深入調查，發現案件真相並不簡單。

## 範偉主演《長安道》海報藏了多少秘密

由海巖小說《長安盜》改編，李駿執導，範偉、宋洋、焦俊艷、陳數聯袂主演的情感懸疑犯罪電影《長安道》曝光壹組單人角色海報，電影將於11月15日在全國上映。

在最新發布的角色海報中，範偉飾演的萬正綱戴著文人必備的框架眼鏡，遮擋住他身體的布簾上是若隱若現的唐代壁畫，正與其歷史學教授的身份相契合，而他目光向下嘴唇微抿，神情略顯凝重，像是和誰發生了不快；宋洋飾演的警察邵寬城則站在壹扇門後，幹淨利落的短發和懇切的目光展現出他真誠陽光的壹面和尋找真相的決心；焦俊艷飾演的趙紅雨則身著白襯衣，目光澄澈且堅定，這與她在預



告中叛逆少女的造型截然不同；而陳數飾演的林白玉則保持了電視臺主持人的優雅氣質，但藏在窗簾後的她面色緊張，透露出些許不安……

電影《長安道》的故事由壹起文物失竊案展開，壹對原本形同陌路的父女因這起案件被迫重逢，從而牽扯出壹系列更為複雜的真相。

## 梁朝偉《獵狐行動》殺青 聯手段奕宏打擊經濟犯罪 邦女郎或加盟

由梁朝偉、段奕宏兩大影帝主演的電影《獵狐行動》昨日宣布正式殺青，這是首部將“海外追逃”搬上大銀幕的作品。

日前《獵狐行動》在歐洲拍攝時，有消息曝光稱“邦女郎”歐嘉柯瑞蘭寇（007：大破量子危機》《遺落戰境》和法國演員奧利維爾雷堡汀（《颶風營救》《人與神》）也將加盟該片。

據悉，“中國獵狐行動隊”是公安部於2014年啟動的用於緝拿海外在逃的經濟犯罪嫌疑人的專項行動組，《獵狐行動》是根據他們真實的故事改編。曾與成龙合作《機器之血》的張立嘉執導，劇本打造三年之久。此前談到《獵狐行動》，梁朝偉表示先前對這個題材沒有概念，由於籌拍電影，讓他對海外追逃和商業罪犯有了更深入的了解。段奕宏則表示，演過壹些警察，但是這次經過體驗生活、近距離接觸到獵狐行動的隊員，



還是覺得自己對警察這個職業了解甚少，深深被他們的經歷感動。

梁朝偉此前出演過警匪片《無間道》，“對不起，我是警察”更是經典對白，據悉，《獵狐行動》中他和段奕宏的角色也是“亦正亦邪”，但主創們賣了個關子，並未明示誰是警察、誰是反派。

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# 德州佛教會中秋音樂會晚會

德州佛教會於九月十四日星期六晚上七點，在玉佛寺大雄寶殿和休士頓中華民樂團，聯合舉辦了一場名為「月韻弦歌」的中秋音樂晚會，邀請會友和僑界朋友一起共度中秋佳節。本會傳燈長老上淨下海法師和會長上宏下意法師也偕同其他多位常住法師出席。與會嘉賓和會友大眾約有三百人，節目精彩，餘音繞樑。

音樂會開始由宏意法師代表佛教會歡迎來賓並祝福大家身體健康諸事圓滿。接著感謝民樂團今晚的演出和該團多年來支援菩提中心農曆新年的敦親睦鄰節目。今年欣逢德州佛教會創會四十周年，宏意法師更表示，本會期待另一個為僑社服務的四十年。

晚會主持人卿梅和陸峻隨即代表民樂團表示，古韻絲竹、梵音鐘鼓和佛教千年來有非常密切的淵源，感謝德州佛教會多年來對該團的支持。接著揭開晚會序幕，當晚節目安排如下：

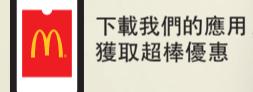
- 民樂合奏《花好月圓》、
- 台灣民謡《補破網》、
- 二胡重奏《紫竹調》、《半個月亮爬上來》、
- 古箏四重奏《春江花月夜》、
- 中阮獨奏《石林夜曲》、
- 京劇曲牌《鷓鴣天》、
- 吉他彈唱《當你老了》、

- 琵琶獨奏《漁舟唱晚》、
- 二胡與合唱團搭配《二泉映月》、
- 古箏獨奏《高山流水》、
- 排鼓與鋼琴協奏《漁舟凱歌》、
- 二胡與管絃樂團《三十里鋪》、
- 中國民謡《一朶鮮花鮮又鮮》。

民樂團由團長張新率領，音樂會主要的演出人員有李采倩、許瑞慶、劉韻、徐子騫、崔迪許暢、鐘宏、虞曉梅、劉山川等多名美南地區的知名藝術工作者。所有演出如微風吹動，七寶行樹，弦歌和雅，絲竹月韻，晚會約於晚上八時四十分圓滿結束。

中秋節為國人傳統賞月團圓的日子，佛教經論中用月表法的隱喻也隨處可見，佛教禪宗也有一本典籍《指月錄》，所指的月就是如來真言意。對於音聲梵唄《大智度論》記載：「是菩薩欲淨佛土故求好音聲」。這次的中秋音樂晚會除了「月韻弦歌」之外亦深具「音聲作佛事」的意義。如果您對德州佛教會的任何活動有興趣參與或護持，請電玉佛寺辦公室 281-498-1616。或是上網 [www.jadebuddha.org](http://www.jadebuddha.org) 查詢。

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